The Huntingdon Journal.

VOL. 49. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1874. NO. 38.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office in new JOURNAL *Building, Fifth Street.*

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Wednesday, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2.00 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2.50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

No paper, however, will be sent out of the State unless absolutely paid for in advance.

Transient advertisements will be inserted at TWELVE AND A-HALF CENTS per line for the first insertion, SEVEN AND A-HALF CENTS for the second, and FIVE CENTS per line for all subsequent insertions.

Regular quarterly and yearly business advertisements will be inserted at the following rates :

	3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y		3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y
1 Inch	3 50	4 50	5 50	8 00	¼col	9 00	15 00	$ 21	$ 36
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3 "	7 00	10 00	14 00	18 00	¾ "	34 00	50 00	65	80
4 "	8 00	14 00	20 00	31 00	1 col	38 00	60 00	80	100

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All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of limited or individual interest, all party announcements, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TEN CENTS per line.

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Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Professional Cards.

A. P. W. JOHNSTON, Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Huntingdon, Pa.
OFFICE: No. 113 Third Street. aug21,1872.

S. T. BROWN. J. M. BAILEY.

BROWN & BAILEY, Attorneys-at-Law, Office 2d door east of First National Bank. Prompt personal attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to their care, and to the collection and remittance of claims.
Jan.7,71.

DR. H. W. BUCHANAN,
DENTIST,
No. 228 Hill Street,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
July 3, '72.

D. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 111, 3d street. Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Woods & Williamson. [ap12,'71.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of the Catholic Parsonage. [jan.4,'71.

E. J. GREENE, Dentist. Office removed to Leister's new building, Hill street Huntingdon. [jan.4,'71.

S. E. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., office 319 Penn street, nearly opposite First National Bank. Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business.
Aug.5,'74-6mos.

GEORGE D. BALLANTYNE, M. D., of Pittsburg, graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office 927 Washington street, West Huntingdon.
July22,1874-3mos.

G. L. ROBB, Dentist, office in S. T. Brown's new building, No. 520, *Hill* St., Huntingdon, Pa. [ap12,'71.

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law Office, No. —, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap.19,'71.

L. S. GEISSINGER, Attorney-at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office one do o East of R. M. Speer's office. [Feb.5-1

J. FRANKLIN SCHOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Prompt attention given to all legal business. Office 229 Hill street, corner of Court House Square. [dec.4,'72

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, Hill street, hree doors west of Smith. [jan.4'71.

J. R. DURBORROW, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon county. Particular attention given to the settlement of estates of decedents.
Office in he JOURNAL Building. [feb.1,'71.

J. W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., Soldiers' claims against the Government for back pay, bounty, widows' and invalid pensions attended to with great care and promptness.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

K. ALLEN LOVELL. J. HALL MUSSER.

LOVELL & MUSSER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Special attention given to COLLECTIONS of all kinds; to the settlement of ESTATES, &c.; and all other legal business prosecuted with fidelity and dispatch. [nov6,'72

R. A. ORBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Patents Obtained, Office, 321 Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [may31,'71.

WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to collections, and all other legal business attended to with care and promptness. Office, No. 229, Hill street. [ap19,'71.

Hotels.

JACKSON HOUSE.
FOUR DOORS EAST OF THE UNION DEPOT,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
A. B. ZEIGLER, Prop.
Nov12,'73-6m.

MORRISON HOUSE,
OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. DEPOT
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. H. CLOVER, Prop.
April 5, 1871-1y.

Miscellaneous.

H. ROBLEY, Merchant Tailor, in Leister's Building (second floor,) Huntingdon, Pa., respectfully solicits a share of public patronage from town and country. [oct16,'72.

WM. WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURER OF
MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, &C.,
HUNTINGDON, PA
PLASTER PARIS CORNICES, MOULDINGS. &C;
ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.
Jan. 4, '71.

MEMORANDUMS, PASS BOOKS, and a thousand and one other useful articles, for sale at the *Journal Blank Book and Stationery Store.*

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING, GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE

COLORED PRINTING DONE AT the Journal Office at Philadelphia prices

Printing.

TO ADVERTISERS:

—:o:—

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL

PUBLISHED

EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING

BY

J. R. DURBORROW & J. A. NASH.

Office in new JOURNAL building Fifth St

HUNTINGDON, PA.

—:o:—

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

—:o:—

CIRCULATION 1800.

—:o:—

HOME AND FOREIGN ADVERTISE

MENTS INSERTED ON REA-

SONABLE TERMS.

—:o:—

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$2.00 per annum in advance. $2 50 within six months. $3.00 if not paid within the year.

—:o:—

JOB PRINTING:

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

WITH

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AND IN THE

LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED STYLE,

SUCH AS

POSTERS OF ANY SIZE,

CIRCULARS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS,

BALL TICKETS,

PROGRAMMES,

CONCERT TICKETS,

ORDER BOOKS,

SEGAR LABELS,

RECEIPTS,

LEGAL BLANKS

PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

LETTER HEADS,

PAMPHLETS

PAPER BOOKS,

ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.,

—:o:—

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing superior to any other establishment in the county. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed,

J. R. DURBORROW & CO,

The Muses' Bower.

[For the JOURNAL.]

The Teacher's Mission.

BY FANNIE C.

The youthful mind, a goblet fair
Of the Master Workman's skill,
Is wrought from jewels far more rare,
Than gems from far Brazil.

By wisdom's fount the teacher stands,
The task devolves on him,
To fill it up with willing hands
Till the waters touch the brim.

As drop by drop he places there
From the deep exhaustless tide,
He wonders when the liquid clear
Will mount the goblet's side.

From morn till night, in joy and pain,
Is truth with care instilled,
Despair cries out, "toil is in vain,
The cup will ne'er be filled."

But care-worn teacher, struggle on,
'Tis useless to repine;
The distant goal shall yet be won,
And a rich reward be thine.

Then let the thought these lines engage,
Sustain and comfort thee,
This fountain shall the thirst assuage
Of millions yet to be.

The waters bright shall reach the brim,
The height shall be attained,
Nor till the stars of Heaven grow dim
Shall the goblet e'er be drained.

Reading for the Million.

The Democracy South.

The Old Rebel Spirit.

Their Treasonable Utterances.

GEORGIA READY FOR WAR.

[From the Atlanta (Ga.) *News.*]

Our only hope is in a stern, resolute resistance—a resistance to the death if necessary, with arms in our hands. Let there be White Leagues formed in every town, village and hamlet in the South, and let us organize for the great struggle which seems inevitable. If the October elections which are to be held in the North are favorable to the Radicals the time will have arrived for us to prepare for the worst. The radicalism of the Republican party must be met by the radicalism of white men.

We have no war to make against the United States Government, but against the Republican party our hate must be unquenchable, our war interminable and merciless. Fast fleeting away is the day for wordy protests and idle appeals to the magnanimity of the Republican party. By brute force they are endeavoring to force us into acquiescence to their hideous programme. We have submitted long enough to indignities, and it is time to meet brute force with brute force. Every Southern State should swarm with White Leagues, and we should stand ready to act the moment Grant signs the civil-rights bill.

If the white Democrats of the North are men they will not stand idly by and see us borne down by Northern Radicals and half-barbarous negroes. But no matter what they may do it is time for us to organize. We have been temporizing long enough. Let Northern Radicals understand that military supervision of Southern elections and the civil rights bill mean war, that war means bloodshed, and that we are terribly in earnest, and even they, fanatical as they are, may retrace their steps before it is too late.

"LET SLIP THE DOGS OF WAR!"

At a meeting in St. Louis on Tuesday evening, A. P. J. Garesche, a prominent lawyer of that city, said :

My sympathies are with this people, and my purse is open to them ; and if in their struggle the President dares to interfere, I say, "Let slip the dogs of war," and "damned be he who first cries, Hold, enough!" I do not forget how Kellogg got into power, sneaking under the guns of a United States frigate, and he now slinks from the outraged people whom he has persecuted and oppressed, and sneaks into the United States custom-house, under protection of Casey, the brother-in-law of Ulysses I. I say, let him go, and let Grant provoke the contest. Let the President's minions beware, for they may be damned.

After Mr. Garesche concluded, the chairman, General Shields, said : "Before I announce the adjournment of the meeting I wish to say that we know not what a day may bring forth. I ask you to go to your homes, prepared to come together at any moment, to assemble here again not only as you have to-night, but ten times the number. We know not what we may be called upon to do to aid our suffering brethren in Louisiana, but I am sure from the manifestations you have made to-night that whatever the call may be, if it is in furtherance of right and justice, and oppressions, the people of St. Louis and citizens of Missouri will never fail to respond to it."

MURDER JUSTIFIED.

[From the Shreveport *Times.*]

The corrupt and incompetent officials of Natchitoches, Lincoln, and other parishes ought to have been got rid of by legal means; but there was no possibility of reaching them through the machinery of the government, and the people were justifiable in resorting to the law of self-protection and forcing them to abdicate. The six carpet-baggers of Red River parish ought to have been arrested, tried, convicted, and punished through the courts of the State, but the courts of the State were their creatures and instruments, and the people rightfully judged, condemned, and punished them.

WHAT TOOMBS SAYS.

At a meeting to sympathize with the Louisiana rebels, held in Atlanta on Tuesday, Robert Toombs said :

He opened his address with an immediate onslaught on the Government at Washington. He said it was the vilest, the most corrupt and dishonorable administration any government had suffered since the birth of Christ. They had inflicted on the Southern States, for the last nine years, humiliation after humiliation, without cessation. Poor Louisiana has been robbed of everything she had. Her Governor was ejected, her legislative halls had been filled with thieving scoundrels from the North, ready to do the bidding of their wicked masters. They had bowed meekly to insult after insult until nothing was left for them to do but rise and strike or die in their chains. That sickly cry of "Let us have peace," came back as the only answer to their pleadings. The Bible commands us, "Let us first be true and then peaceable," and I say to you we can have no peace until the corrupt and villainous invaders are driven out of the State. His whole heart and soul were with the people of Louisiana, and he would take a hand with the boys of Atlanta to prevent troops passing through that city to interfere with the down-trodden in their struggle for justice. He continued: I am an outlawed man, ostracised from my country, but I say to you that had I been as true to my God as I have to my country I should be better prepared to meet my final account.

Our New York Letter.

The Last Fraud—Real Estate—Beer—Funerals— Cremation— Beecher-Tilton —The Graphic—Business.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28, 1874.

A NEW FRAUD.

If the dishonest men would give to honest employment half the shrewdness they do to their swindling schemes, they would be the richest men in the world. For certainly the genius wasted in roguery, that always ends badly, could not but pay largely in any legitimate business. The last dodge in thievery has just been unearthed, and a most ingenious dodge it is. A scoundrel sailing under the alias of Walker, a few months ago, went to work and deliberately forged conveyances of real estate belonging to the estate of a man who has been dead five years. He made deeds from Isaac Young, the aforesaid deceased, to himself, of land worth $50,000, and went with them to the Register's office and had them recorded. Of course this was all regular, for the registery clerks have no means of knowing whether Isaac Young is a live or a dead man. The conveyances put upon record, Walker takes them and goes into the street to negotiate a loan upon them. He finds a man who has money to loan upon real estate. The Register's books are examined, the conveyances are all clear, the money is loaned. Walker disappears. Of course the fraud is discovered after the lapse of a week or two, and Walker is arrested, and will go to Sing Sing. Now, it strikes me that a mind capable of conceiving and executing so magnificent a piece of villainy ought to know that legitimate business is its proper field. What combinations could not such a genius effect in dry goods !

If that man had to be a rogue, why did he not go to Wall Street, or get into politics in this city?

These are safe fields for such geniuses, where there is ample scope for scoundrelism without risk. But they never do it. When Walker gets out of Sing Sing he will get into a similar transaction in a week, and go up again. Such men only keep out of prison a few weeks at a time. When in quod, they devise schemes that invariably takes them back again. Speaking of

REAL ESTATE,

Some of it New York has a value despite the terrible depression. Mr. R. A. Witthous has sold to the Union Dime Savings Bank, for $275,000, the plot of land on the southerly side of Thirty-second street, between Broadway and Sixth avenue. The buildings are of little value, and formed no part of the value. The lots front on the triangular public place at the intersection of Broadway and Sixth avenue, 42 feet on Broadway, 40 feet on Sixth avenue, and about 100 feet on Thirty-second street. The price is at the rate of $175,000 for a lot of the usual size. Mr. Witthaus paid $45,000 for the property about twenty years ago. Isn't that rather a steep price for so small a piece of earth? At this rate, what is New York worth?

BEER.

The Germans are up and in arms. Wednesday last three thousand saloon keepers met in council, and resolved that the license laws must be repealed, and that the traffic in beer must be treated the same as any other business, and also that this question must go into politics, and be made an issue. The beer interest in New York is one that has possitive power, and of course politicians will be found who will recognize it. The German element is immensely strong here, and on the question of free beer and the right to drink it Sundays as well as other days it is almost an unit.—They do not like to be driven out of the city for their Sunday reereations, and they will make a vigorous fight for what to them is a vital matter. This question is one of the disturbers that come up every little while to vex the souls of politicians. The American religious element is inflexibly opposed to the violation of the Sabbath. the German is as inflexibly determined to spend it as he pleases. Imagine the perplexity of the ambitious politician in whose district these elements are about even !—Won't he have a splendid opportunity for dodging !

EXPENSIVE FUNERALS.

Under the present system, it costs from $50 to $150 to bury a corpse in the most modest way. The most exorbitant prices are charged for coffins and the accompaniments, all of which are paid without a question, for no man can ask prices over the dead body of one loved and lost. Then come carriages, price of lot, etc., all of which makes a sum that is oppressive to a poor man or one in even modern circumstances. The Germans have a society for doing away with all this. They have taken up the idea of cremation, and propose to bring it into vogue. They are building a hall 60x40 feet, fitted with an altar at which religious ceremonies may be had.—Back of this altar is to be a furnace capable of being heated to 1,000°, which melts soft plates in the metal coffin enclosing the remains, which heat will reduce the remains to ashes in an hour and a half. And all this can be done for $8, which is bringing burial expenses within reach of the poorest. The Germans will take this idea and act upon it, for this people have not the reverence for ancient forms that the Americans possess, and the form of disposing of remains is in entire consonance with their ideas of the fitness of things.—And who knows but after it has become a common practice among the Germans it may be adopted by the rest of mankind !

BEECHER–TILTON.

Tilton's last statement, which appeared Friday, has stirred up this mess once more. Public opinion in the city has once more veered to Tilton, and it will probably stay there till Beecher makes a statement, when it may shift to him. Tilton gives the world nothing new in the matter, but he explains the why of very much of it. For instance, in answer to the question why, after permitting his wife's infidelity to remain a secret with him four years, he gave it to the world, he says that had Elizabeth remained with him, and the church had let her alone he never should have divulged it. But she left him for the purpose of testifying against him, and in sheer self-defense he was compelled to give the terrible truth to the world. Moulton's statement is a crusher, and has produced a profound impression. He fastens his former statements and makes his case very cleverly. Now what will Beecher do?—Are we to have more statements? He has said that he will not open his mouth or put pen to paper on this subject again, but will trust to the courts to clear his skirts. Thank heaven, for no matter who is in fault the people are tired of the whole matter. Let us hope it will be settled one way or another, and that quickly.

Speaking of this affair, it is gratifying to notice the frankness and fairness with which the *Daily Graphic* has treated this matter. Without disguising its own conclusions, from the reports of both sides, presented in its columns with an enterprise which made some of the slow coach-papers, in self-defense, profess old Queen Annie's horror of gossip, it has commented on the sad affair in a tone befitting gentlemen, an example which some of its unsuccessfull contemporaries might have followed up with much credit and more grace.

The way in which zealots on both sides have carried on the skirmish renders it a sure thing that nobody comes out of the scrimmage with a clean coat. That the *Graphic* has shown more wit and less temper in its share of the sport may be charged to the fact that its editorial columns are in the hands of gentleman, made such by virtue of breeding and sympathies, as well as position; who know how to hold liberal views and express them fully, while keeping them out of the mire. And I may say that it is the controlling force of this quiet gentlemanhood which makes the *Graphic* such a favorite family paper both in and out of the city. The rare ability of D. G. Croly, its managing editor, and the enterprise and tact of the Brothers Goodsell, have made the *Graphic* a great success.

BUSINESS

Does not pick up as I (and everybody else) hoped. The city is full of merchants; the hotels are not only crowded but over-crowded but they do not buy. The South is buying small stocks, very small, but the West, so far, is only sorting up. The merchants all say they intend to buy largely, but they are waiting to see what the condition of things is to be. In short, with wheat at the price it is, they are afraid to venture. Possibly they are right; but the importers and jobbers, who have stocks on hand, don't see it. And the summer has slipped away, we are fairly into the fall, and the goods are all in the "original packages." I am speaking now of the wholesale trade. The retail trade in the city looks somewhat hopeful this month, and will keep its cheerful face, for the people have money, if the trade only have sense to adopt the rule of the leading house in America, namely, to do away with fancy prices for any class of goods, however now or fashionable, and bring the most tempting articles at once within the reach of ordinary buyers.

Nevertheless, the city will see a great deal of distress this winter. There has been no building and labor of any kind this summer, that the working-men have not been able to keep anything ahead, and when the frost puts its embargo on out-door work there is going to be an amount of destitution and actual suffering that the city never saw before. Heven help the poor this winter. And let me put in a warning here to young men—keep out of New York this fall and winter. There are thousands upon thousands of unemployed men in every possible department of labor. There are one hundred appicants for every vacancy. Except upon a sure thing, stay where you are, if you can earn bread and clothes. PIETRO.

Miscellaneous News Items.

Mosquitoes are troubling London.

Swarms of winged ants fly all over England.

Gen. Spinner has started on a tour among the Northern lakes.

New Jersey expects an abundant grape crop, counting goosberries in.

A Middletown boy played with a bull and came off the little end of the horn, gored.

George F. Hoar announces his willingness to be a candidate for re-election to Congress.

In Williamsport temperance lecturers are stoned, and the militia are not even called out.

Narragansett Pier visitors have nearly all disappeared on account of the cold weather.

Owing to the ravages of worms, the Cape Cod cranberry crop will be a failure this season.

The walk from the Long Branch hotels to the bathing beach is becoming shorter ever week.

It is rumored that a magnificent Union Depot will be erected at Harrisburg, within two years.

West Indian Spaniards affect extreme indignation over the reported cession of Porto Rico to Germany.

It is reported that an order will soon be issued expelling from Russia all foreign priests, monks and nuns.

It is reported the centennial managers pay Col. Forney $10,000 per year, and expenses, as European agent.

Four thousand Americans live in Paris, 7,000 Englishmen, 47,000 Germans, 32,000 Belgians and 12,000 Swiss.

It is announced that nearly every vessel arriving at Baltimore from the West Indies has had yellow fever on board.

Gov. Dix has revoked his notice to Havemeyer to appear before him and answer to the charges made against him.

A later account of the Austria Polar Expedition states that the explorers have penetrated to the eighty-third degree of latitude.

A cargo of tea valued at $40,000 has been seized by the Collector, at New York, on a charge of an attempt to defraud the revenue.

Letters headed with pictures of coffins are not a literary success in Ireland. The writers are kept incarcerated until they explain.

An official army order has been published authorizing the removal of the army headquarters to St. Louis on the 1st of October.

The Crane Iron Company, Lehigh county, have notified their employees of another reduction on and after the 12th inst; keepers reiceving $2.00 per day, helpers $1.85 and fillers $1.75.

Notes of Travel.

TANGENT, OREGON,
September 21, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—We have endeavored to give some idea of this country as a farming section, but it also presents novelty of scenery and territory to the pleasure seeker. At any time a spectacle of true grandeur will meet the gaze, in both the Cascade and Coast Mountains. The cones of eternal snow, which dot the green heights of the President's range of mountains, rise on the dark outline of the distant lands and hang glittering in the sky like islands of precious stones, so bright do they shine in the setting sun, and so completely do the soft clouds around their base seem to separate them from the world below. When the wind blows down from these snow-fields, tempering the heat of a dazzling sun, you long for a *siesta* in their cooling shadow.

Since we have had a trip to Mary's Peak, the highest point in the Coast range, a few days ago, we will try and give your readers some idea with what exertion the pure air of these peaks are breathed. Not many persons make the ascent of this far famed peak, deterred partly from lack of strength, and the difficulties of the journey. Our party consisted of three, and with a good supply of blankets and provisions we set out in a wagon, to complete the first day so much of the journey as could be done in this way.

Twelve o'clock the next day found us with horses packed and all ready to begin the ascent. We left the wagon road and took a narrow trail which struck directly into the mountains, and one Kitt Carson would have thought too narrow to climb the "Delectable Mountain." Our horses were forced, with great difficulty, to take the trail, seeming to know the terrible pull that awaited them. Indeed it was a terrible pull, for we had not made many hundred yards before our horses stopped, gasping for breath. The trail entered a forest of fir and pine, over the tops of which we now and then could catch a glimpse of the peak. An interminable forest surrounded us during the first four or five miles. In this distance a few knobs or projections from the line of ascent favored the poor beasts for awhile, but it was not long before this ceased, and the terrific slant of the mountain presented itself, unrelieved, to be overcome. And now picture to yourself three ants clambering up a church spire, and you have our party making this last ascent. The trail was a mere mark in the gravelly soil, leading us a cork-screw kind of a journey up the side of the peak, where a stone loosed by the foot would find no rest until it reached the level of the valley, and should your horse loose his footing, he too would rest at the foot of the peak. Such a climb! If any skeptic is at all doubtful of the Darwinian theory, let him at once be convinced of our antediluvian ancestry or try to scale Mary's Peak. On up we toiled, stopping every tenth step to rest, and breathe; up, up to the regions of everlasting snow. And now we have reached the most difficult part of our journey, where the rocks seem over-hanging, and you feel as if the slightest breeze would waft you into the clouds and eternity. Slowly, and in single file, stopping every two minutes to lean upon our horse's neck and gasp for breath, we climbed up, taking heart that this was our last hard pull. After nearly three miles of this kind of travel, when strength, hope and courage were on the point of giving out, the steep suddenly flattened, and a keen wind blew over the summit of the peak. All the danger and difficulty is forgotten in the magnificent scene that greets our vision on all sides. To our surprise we found, what had seemed a peak, an area of nearly six hundred acres, when below we feared there would not be standing room for three. Beneath us lay the whole world outspread. For the first time we doubted the spherical shape of our planet Surely the vast plains, down yonder, stretched on and on straight to the rising sun, and but for the mystical vapors tinged with faint colors rising far at the horizon we must see the Sierra mountains, once so stupendous in our untraveled eye, but now how infinitely small. We were in shadow as we sat in "solemn silence," and gazed, spell-bound, on the wondrous scene beneath. The sun had sunk behind the ocean in full view on the west, leaving the valley at the immediate base of the range in shadow, and it glowed in a golden halo of sunshine. Here and there rose fantastic shadows, which grew broader and taller, until the world below was covered with a misty pall, and all nature was "tucked in" for the night. And still we sat in that awful solitude, feeling as Noah must have felt when the waters went down from the face of the earth, fearing to move or speak lest we break some mighty spell that had fallen upon us. Turning to the west we saw the sun set with refulgent splendor behind the mighty Pacific, as it heaved and swelled like the pulses of some mighty nation. It was heaving at our feet! Steadily wave on wave came and went, and following each other in ceaseless march, pressed onward, as if intent to reach the solid shores where some resistance would broach their hidden strength, and pour their fury out. By and by the stars came out, just as they did at home, only they came nearer and were a thousand fold brighter, and made one think that heaven was not so very far off after all. We now lariated our horses, and after refreshing ourselves with a cup of coffee and some biscuit, spread two blankets upon the ground to try to sleep. No use in trying to sleep, however, with the moon shining full in your face, so we lay awake imagining all sorts of wierd fancies. At four o'clock we rose from a fitful slumber and beheld faint roseate streaks of light down in the East. We never realized how fast "Old Sol" "swung 'round the circle" until standing above him we waited for his coming, heralded by long, amber-colored rays that shot up into the sky like the Aurora Borealis, then a rosy hue spread all along the horizon and the king of day made his appearance. After taking a refreshing breakfast we bade adieu to Mary's Peak, and began to descend to the terrestrial regions. Here let me add that if a cast-iron back with a hinge is good for gardening purposes, (I forget whether or no this is one of Greeley's axioms,) cast-steel knees would most admirably serve the pursose of descending peaks. It was as difficult to get away from the peak as it had been to attain it, and after two hours of toilsome descent we looked back and found the hoary head but a few rods distant. But we toiled on, footsore and weary, and like that valiant army of "forty thousand men" marched down the hill in triumph, though we were then only experiencing the real difficulties of the trip.

NOS REDNEH.

PAY your taxes before the 3d prox.

Educational.

Report of the Public Schools of Huntingdon County for the School Year ending June, 1874. R. M. McNeil, County Superintendent.

Shortly after publishing my Annual Report for last year, several persons expressed their surprise that I should report only five first-class school houses in the whole county, and intimated that the report did not fairly represent the condition of the school property and appliances of the county. I therefore publish with this report, the following special instructions to Superintendents, taken from the statistical note book, from which it will be seen that I have certain rules by which I am governed in making this report. I think it will also be admitted that I have done no injustice to any school district in the county.

For the purpose of securing uniformity in the particulars named, throughout the State, Superintendents are hereby instructed to apply in their spirit, the following definitions :

"Sufficient Size," as applied to school grounds in the country, is intended to mean an extent of at least half an acre; and in towns, of an extent large enough to allow all the pupils of the school to enjoy exercise in the open air, with proper gymnastic apparatus.

"Suitably Improved" is intended to mean neatly fenced, free from rubbish, planted with shade trees, and properly prepared as a place for the plays of children.

"Unfit for Use," as applied to school houses, is intended to mean houses worn out, too small, unhealthy or uncomfortable.

"Badly Ventilated," is intended to mean without any provision for ventilation, or with such a provision for it as apertures in the ceiling, transoms over doors, or raising or lowering windows.

"Suitable Privy," is intended to mean a privy with separate apartments for boys and girls, kept clean, and accessible without unnecessary exposure.

"A First-class School House," is intended to mean, when applied to an ungraded school, one pleasantly heated, well constructed, amply large, with a portico at the front or sides, convenient places for baskets and clothing, a case for books and apparatus, ceiling at least twelve feet high, with not less than a hundred square feet of black board surface, well ventilated, and neatly furnished with seats adapted to the size of pupils, and when intended for a graded school, the above description should apply substantially to every room, and in addition, there should be a room for the Principal.

"Suitable Furniture," is intended to mean desks and seats of some approved pattern, adapted to the size of pupils, a neat desk and chair for the teacher, a few extra chairs for visitors, seats for recitations, a case for books and apparatus, and other indispensable articles, such as stoves or heaters, buckets, brooms, &c.

"Injurious Furniture," is intended to mean seats or desks too high or too low, or which otherwise compel pupils to violate the laws of health.

"Well Supplied with Apparatus," is intended to mean a school supplied with the following articles or their equivalent: black board, surface to permit every member of the largest class to use it at the same time, a set of outline maps, a globe, a clock, a call bell, a class bell, reading and writing charts, a set of square and cube root blocks, a numeral frame, a small collection of objects for object lessons, a few appropriate engravings, a set of school mottoes, a Dictionary and Gazetteer.

"Without Apparatus worth Mentioning" is intended to mean an amount of apparatus not extending beyond a small blackboard or two, or a single map or chart.

Believing that the above suggestions should be as as fully carried into effect by school directors as possible. I have strictly applied them in making my report to the School Department.

In taking a retrospective view of the work of the past school year, it is gratifying to me to be able to report progress. It is true, in some departments little or no advancement has been made, but in others the results are quite satisfactory, and on the whole the educational interests of the county have assuredly advanced during the year.

Six new houses have been added. One in Huntingdon, two in Lincoln, one in Porter, one in Shirley, and one in Tell.

The house built in Huntingdon is a two story brick building with two school rooms on each floor. It is pleasantly heated, well constructed, well lighted and tolerably well heated and ventilated, but is not suitably supplied with furniture and apparatus. It is furnished with home-made desks and seats, illy adapted to health and comfort. The apparatus consists of a small portion of black-board surface placed so high as to be out of reach of most of the pupils and consequently of little practical use.

The one built in Porter is a substantial brick edifice supplied with good patent furniture, but is not a well-finished job.

The remainder are frame buildings, rather poorly constructed. The one in Shirley is supplied with patent furniture.

Our directors make a mistake in not commencing the work of building earlier than they do. Not one of the six houses built during the year was completed in season.

Four of them were occupied by the pupils before the plastering was dry. Such a needless exposure of the health of teachers and pupils is little less than crime.

When directors determine to build they should put the work under contract early in the season and require it to be entirely completed at least a month before being occupied.

None of our school lots are suitably improved. Would that we could awaken an interest in the work of beautifying school grounds. If the yards were neatly fenced we have not a doubt that many of our energetic teachers would, with the assistance of their pupils, plant shade trees and make the grounds beautiful and attractive.

Little has been done during the year towards building suitable out-houses.

In our last report we urged directors not to neglect this important duty, and we here repeat that districts failing to erect suitable privies should forfeit their State Appropriation.

The County Institute was held in the Court House, at Huntingdon, during the second week in December. It was largely attended and eminently beneficial in its results.

The directors held a separate session on Thursday which was without doubt the best meeting of the kind we have ever attended in the county. Entire harmony prevailed, and measures were inaugurated which if carried into effect will give a new impetus to the cause of education.

Our institute instructors were Prof. A. N. Raub, Superintendent of Lock Haven, Silas Wright, Superintendent of Perry county, J. Irvin White, Z. H. White, S. D. Caldwell, W. R. Baker and others of our own teachers.

Evening lectures were delivered by Prof. A. N. Raub, Silas Wright, Prof. Geo. P. Beard, Prof. A. N. Breneman and E. H. White. The day and evening sessions were well attended by the people of Huntingdon and vicinity, and a general educational interest seemed to be manifested. It was cheering to notice the improvements in the condition of the schools after the institute. Many of them were fifty per cent. better than before it.

Notwithstanding the almost impassable condition of the roads during the winter, I visited schools nearly every day and reached all in the county except two.

It is a prevalent idea that unless a Superintendent devotes his whole time to visiting the schools he is not discharging his duty. Observation and experience have taught me that the work to be done cannot be accomplished alone by visitation.

Last year I adopted the plan of holding local institutes; and almost every Saturday during the school term was given to this work. These meetings usually opened on Friday evening and continued in session on Saturday and Saturday evening.

The teachers of two or more adjoining districts were thus brought together and the meetings rendered interesting and profitable. They were well attended, especially the evening sessions, by directors and patrons.

I am satisfied that I invariably accomplished more in one of these local institutes than I did in five days by visiting schools.

In addition to these local institutes, educational meetings were held in most of the districts in the county. This object was to bring directors and patrons together, excite an interest in the cause of education and secure co-operation in the improvement of the schools.

Several Lyceums and Literary Societies were organized and continued in successful operation during the winter.

District Institutes were held in six townships and teachers granted the time thus spent. The teachers of Huntingdon borough meet weekly for institute work.

They have adopted the plan of each week contributing a small sum to a treasury, the proceeds of which are used to purchase books and periodicals devoted to the interests of the teachers' profession.

I am informed that the school board have very prudently determined to give these teachers a donation to assist them in inaugurating an enterprise worthy the imitation of teachers everywhere.

Teachers' salaries were increased in a number of districts—in Case there was an increase of ten dollars per month.

Teachers are awakening to the fact that if they would receive better salaries they must make preparation for their work.

We have now more teachers attending County and State Normal Schools than ever before.

In concluding this report, I desire to call the attention of directors to the following suggestions :

Secure larger and more suitable lots for school houses; erect good substantial buildings; inclose the yards with neat fences and supply the houses with better furniture.

School houses built in this age should all be supplied with patent furniture.

Patent desks and seats occupy less space, are more durable, are less liable to be defaced by pupils than home-made ones; and more important than all else, they are constructed with reference to the health and comfort of the pupils. The objection that they are too costly is an invalid one, from the fact that experience has proven them to be cheaper in the end than home-made ones. Since the Penna. School Journal has become the official organ of the State Superintendent, it should certainly be read by all school directors. The law empowers them to subscribe for a copy for each member of the board and pay for the same out of the public money.

I suggest that the several boards exercise this right. They receive no other compensation for their work and they would be better able to discharge their official duties by reading the School Journal.

Last but not of least importance is a matter that I have urged at all suitable opportunities since my election to this office —"Grading Teachers' Salaries."

At our last Institute the directors present after thoroughly discussing the question, unanimously adopted the following resolutions :

Resolved, That teachers' salaries shall hereafter be graded according to their certificates and also with respect to their success as teachers.

I sincerely hope that this resolution may be carried into effect in every school district in the county. I am satisfied that directors can not enact a measure that will do the schools of the county more good than the one proposed in this resolution.

I extend my thanks to all who by act or sympathy have assisted me in the discharge of my official duties, and earnestly solicit your co-operation in the future.

We give below the most important items in the statistical report :

Houses	Number in the county	120
	Number of frame	106
	Number of brick or stone	14
	Number of log	13
	Number of badly ventilated	171
	Number without suitable privy	151
	Number first-class school houses	5
Schools	Number of graded schools	23
	Number in which books are uniform	56
	Number in which the Bible is read	109
	Number in which drawing is taught	5
	Number in which vocal music is taught	13
Examinations	Number of public examinations	29
	Number of Directors present	131
	Number receiving professional certificates	261
	Number of applicants rejected	16
	Average grade of certificates	2.26
Teachers	Number of males employed	154
	Number of females employed	59
	Average age of teachers	26
	Number who have had no experience	37
	Number who intend making teaching a business	80
	Number who have attended a State Normal School	17
	Number who have read books on teaching	146
	Number who hold professional certificates	8
	Number who hold permanent certificates	2
Visitations	Number of visits to schools by County Superintendent	221
	Average time spent at each	1.46
	Number of schools not visited	2
	Number of Directors accompanying Superintendent	46

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 30, 1874.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Supreme Judge,
Edward M. Paxson, of Philadelphia.

Lieutenant Governor,
Arthur G. Olmstead, of Potter.

Secretary of Internal Affairs,
Robert B. Beath, of Schuylkill.

Auditor General,
Harrison Allen, of Warren.

Congress,
Gen. Langhorne Wister, of Perry.

Senate,
Col. Theodore McGowan, of Franklin co.

Assembly,
George Guyer, of Warriorsmark,
Henry C. Robinson, of Dublin.

Sheriff,
Huston E. Crum, of Huntingdon.

County Commissioner,
William E. Corbin, of Juniata.

Director of the Poor,
Jacob H. Isett, of Penn.

County Surveyor,
William H. Booth, of Springfield.

Auditor,
Henry H. Swoope, of Mapleton.

Politicians and Candidates, Beware!

Any Person Convicted of Violating the Election Laws Shall be Deprived of the Right of Suffrage for Four Years!

We copy the provisions of the New Constitution upon corruption so that no one will be able to say that he had not timely notice:

ARTICLE VII, SECTION 1. NEW CONSTITUTION.

SECTION 1. Senators and Representatives and all Judicial, State and County officers, shall before entering on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity; THAT I HAVE NOT PAID OR CONTRIBUTED, OR PROMISED TO PAY OR CONTRIBUTE, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING, TO PROCURE MY NOMINATION OR ELECTION (*or appointment*), *except for necessary and proper expenses expressly authorized by law*; THAT I HAVE NOT KNOWINGLY VIOLATED ANY ELECTION LAW OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, OR PROCURED IT TO BE DONE BY OTHERS IN MY BEHALF; *that I will not knowingly receive, directly or indirectly, any money or valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act of duty pertaining to my office, other than the compensation allowed by law.*"

And also:

SECTION 2. *Any person who shall, while a candidate for office,* BE GUILTY OF BRIBERY, FRAUD, OR VIOLATION OF ANY ELECTION LAW, SHALL BE FOREVER DISQUALIFIED FROM HOLDING AN OFFICE OF TRUST OR PROFIT IN THIS COMMONWEALTH; AND ANY PERSON CONVICTED OF WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THE ELECTION LAWS, SHALL, IN ADDITION TO ANY PENALTIES PROVIDED BY LAW BE DEPRIVED, OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE ABSOLUTELY FOR A TERM OF FOUR YEARS.

SECTION 3. *Any person who shall give, or promise, or offer to give to an elector, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any person or party for such elector's vote, or for the withholding thereof,* AND ANY ELECTOR WHO SHALL RECEIVE OR AGREE TO RECEIVE, FOR HIMSELF OR FOR ANOTHER, ANY MONEY, REWARD, OR OTHER VALUABLE CONSIDERATION FOR HIS VOTE AT AN ELECTION, *or for withdrawing the same, shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election, and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such causes before the election officers shall be required to swear or affirm that the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be recorded.*

Republican County Committee Meeting

The members of the Republican County Committee, of Huntingdon county, are requested to meet at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 7th day of October next, at one o'clock in the afternoon. A full attendance is desired as business of importance is to be transacted.

L. S. GEISSINGER,
Chairman Republican County Committee.

MASS MEETING.

A Republican Mass Meeting will be held at Huntingdon, on the evening of

WEDNESDAY, the 7th of OCTOBER,

1874. The meeting will begin promptly at 7 o'clock p. m. Eminent speakers from abroad have been invited, and will be present. An evening meeting is called in order that it may not interfere with the Agricultural Fair which will then be in progress. Programme and further particulars will be published in bills. Let the active campaign be inaugurated by such a rally as will show that we are in earnest.

L. S. GEISSINGER,
Chairman.
By order of the Republican Co., Committee.

☞ We call the attention of Republicans to the Mass Meeting announced for Wednesday night of next week. Let the rally be a grand outpouring of the masses. Rally! Rally!!

THE SEVENTEENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

It will doubtless be agreeable news to many friends in this section to learn that General Langhorne Wister, who distinguished himself in the war for the Union and was wounded at Gettysburg, a son of William Wister, esq., of Germantown, has been nominated by the Republicans for Congress in the Seventeenth district, composed of the counties of Franklin, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, Snyder and Fulton. This district, in a fair canvass, is Republican by nearly a thousand majority, though it is now represented by Mr. Speer, a Democrat, and can be easily carried by a united effort in the several counties; and this we are assured will be made, as the entire district is harmonious and exhibits a laudable enthusiasm on the Congressional nomination.

We desire to say to our cotemporaries in the district that the distinction could have been conferred on no one more worthy of it. Although General Wister is a sound as well as a profound Republican, he is not a politician in any accepted sense of the word. We have known him from his boyhood, and we speak from the record when we say that no man's character stands higher; that he is above and beyond the semblance of concealment or tergiversation; and that if he should be elected to Congress, as he assuredly ought to be, he will prove to be an intelligent, watchful, straightforward and incorruptible Representative—such as every honest Democrat as well as Republican ought to desire to see there.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

☞ Just as we go to press a dispatch from Harrisburg informs us that the Republican Senatorial Conference of this District has nominated Col. Theo. McGowan, of Franklin county, for Senate. Huntingdon county expected Mr. Marshall's nomination, but we will give Col. McGowan the same cordial support that we would have asked of Franklin if our choice had been successful.

☞ The *Monitor's* article on Congress last week had a "Stinger" in it.

POLITICAL PRINCIPLE.

Most men try to preserve some show of adhering to principle in their political lives. The existence of political parties pre-supposes some radical difference between them upon points of governmental policy. If there were not this difference, the strife of parties would be merely a contest about the elevation of men, not for the triumph of principle. "Principles not men," would then disappear from among the maxims of parties where it has so long been recognized as a cardinal axiom.

But the Huntingdon *Globe* openly disavows all adherence to principle, and flings out nothing but a personal flag for followers. Look at its course. With Democrats its editor claims support as a Democratic paper, having the endorsement and approbation of Democratic leaders. He refuses to support Gen. Beath, the nominee of the Republican State Convention for Secretary of Internal affairs, a gallant soldier, who left a leg on the battle field and served through the war; and gives his aid to the Democratic candidate, who left that service, refused an officer's commission in it, and returned to private life as the post of honor, rather than sustain his country's flag under President Lincoln's policy.—Why this course? Because the editor has a *personal* grievance with the nominee of the State Convention. What has that personal grievance to do with sustaining Republican principles, of which General Beath is the representative? Upon the same ground, if he had a personal grievance with the other candidates he would oppose the whole State ticket.

He avowed last week that he would have supported Speer for Congress if he had been nominated. This he would have done against Gen. Wister, the Republican nominee, another gallant soldier and true Republican. Why would he have done this? Not because of any personal grudge *against* Gen. Wister, but because, he says, of his personal feelings towards Mr. Speer. What would these personal feelings have to do with the maintenance of political principles in Congress? Would Speer vote for a Republican measure because of *his* personal feelings towards Guss? Not a bit of it; and yet Guss would have put a Democrat in Congress, to vote, for two years, for every Democratic and against every Republican measure, because of his *personal* feelings.

Coming down to candidates for the Legislature he refuses to sustain George Guyer and Henry Robinson, the regularly nominated candidates of the Republican party, and supports a bolting Republican and a Democrat against them. Why does he do this? Because the professed Republican says he will oppose John Scott's re-election to the U. S. Senate. Whom he will vote for he does not say, whether a Republican or a Democrat. The Democrat of course will vote for a Democrat.—What kind of Republican principle is this? The editor has a *personal* grievance with John Scott. Suppose he has. Even if his complaint were well founded, would that *personal* grievance lead a true Republican to give his aid in sending a Democrat to the Senate? Can he take up Mr. Scott's record since he has been in the Senate and show where he has been unfaithful to the Republican party? His own paper is the only one in the whole State that says a word against Mr. Scott, and what he says is but the lowest personal abuse. Last year he wanted Geo. Guyer to become the candidate of his bolting convention. Then he would have supported him. Now he opposes him. So we might go on with the remainder of the ticket, but we have said enough to show that the *Globe* is merely a personal concern, actuated by no political principle.—The person concerned is A. L. Guss, and his support or opposition depends on his personal likes or dislikes. His following is growing "small by degrees and beautifully less." The Republicans prefer the Republican party to A. L. Guss "or any other man."

We notice that W. S. Stenger, Esq., of Chambersburg, has received the nomination for Congress in the Eighteenth Congressional district. Mr. S. is a gentleman of unblemished character and of great ability and will no doubt make a first-class Congressman if elected. Hon. R. Milton Speer was his most formidable competitor for the nomination, but his "back-pay" grab undoubtedly killed his chances. It is a pity that a man of his attainments has thus sacrificed himself for a few thousand dollars.—*Altoona Sun.*

We think no Republican paper has said anything of Mr. Speer more severe than the above, taken from a Democratic paper, the Altoona *Sun* of last week; but we quote it for another purpose than to reflect on him. If this judgment be true, what judgment ought to be visited upon the mixed ticket that runs under back-pay endorsement. The Democratic part of the hybrid concern was put up by a Convention which approved of Speer's course in Congress. The Conferee's selected to represent this county cast one hundred and sixty-four ballots, endorsing the man who, the *Sun* says, *sacrificed himself for a few thousand dollars.* The editor of the *Globe*, who ran the bolting Convention that put up the other part of the hybrid, announced last week that *he* would have supported Speer, and evidently mourned because the popular verdict on "back-pay" deprived him of the opportunity. Thus Speer's part of the mixed ticket and Guss' part of it are both tarred with the same "back-pay" stick, and if "back-pay" killed Speer's chances with Democrats in the District, a Democratic paper being the judge, won't it kill the mixed ticket, too, with the Democrats of the county, as it has nothing but the back-pay endorsement which it got from Speer's and Guss' Conventions.

The Democratic Convention of Bedford county met in Bedford on the 15th inst., and nominated the following ticket: Assembly, Geo. H. Spang, Wm. Keyser; Commissioner, Jas. Wishart; Surveyor, Joseph Barkman; Poor Director, Samuel Beckley; Audtior, Wm. States. John Fulton was recommended for Senate, subject to the decision of the District Conference.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR TAXES!

All voters must pay their taxes thirty days before election. See to it at once.—You will not be allowed to vote if your taxes are not paid.

WHICH IS THE RIGHT ROAD?

Well that depends very much on where it leads to. We gave a favorable notice of the *Monitor*, under its new leadership, last week, and we were still better pleased with its chivalrous spirit when it made its appearance. We write not now to criticise, but to say a word to our readers, suggested on reading its columns. The name of Stenger is hoisted for Congress, simply as an announcement that he has received the nomination of the Democratic Congressional Conference, but reserving the right to speak plainly of the means used to obtain that nomination, and the claims of Mr. Stenger to the support of Huntingdon county Democrats. This we understand, and certainly could not object to, but when it is urged as a duty upon *all* Democrats, and *some* Republicans, to vote for what is known as the *fusion* ticket, we fail to see either the duty or propriety of such a course. Why is a *regular* Democrat bound to vote for that part of the ticket made up of *regular* Republicans, not only *regular* but "*original* Republicans," as they claim themselves to be.

If a Democrat has no opportunity of voting for a candidate of his own party he will very likely choose for himself *what Republican* he will vote for. Speer is doubtless a leader and a ruler in the Democratic party, and he has *ruled* it with a strong hand, yet he claimed this right for himself in 1869, and openly declared that if he was to vote for a Republican he would choose for himself which he would support. Not only this, but in 1868 he positively refused to support Wm. Africa, the regular Democratic candidate for Sheriff, unless he would pledge himself, beforehand, to deposit in his private bank in case of his election. His maxim seems to be "don't do as I do, but do as I *say*."

Precept is not worth much without example, and our belief is that very many Democrats will exercise the right of doing what they please about the support of a ticket that does not represent either their party or its principles. A county ticket made up of *three* Democrats and *four* ("original") Republicans, the Democracy furnishing less than half the candidates while they are expected to furnish at least four-fifths of the voters! Then the idea of these "original" Republicans supporting the Democratic portion of the ticket!—Democrats know that such a scheme will only lead to defeat and disorganization, and no Republican, who has any principles, will leave his party and its principles simply to accommodate a few selfish schemers.

GENERAL WISTER.

General Langhorne Wister, nominated at Mifflintown, on Tuesday last, as the Republican candidate for Congress in the Fourteenth district, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, and Snyder, is a native of this city—a son of William Wister, of Germantown, long the treasurer of the North Pennsylvania Railroad, and a brother of our well-known townsman, William Rotch Wister.

Langhorne Wister, who is scarcely more than thirty-nine years of age, established his residence at Duncannon, Perry county, upon attaining his majority, and has lived there ever since. For a number of years he was extensively engaged in the manufacture of iron, but latterly his sole occupation has been farming. In 1861 he raised a military company, and was assigned to the celebrated "Bucktail" regiment, commanded by the late Colonel Charles J. Biddle. He participated in several engagements of this body, commencing at Drainesville, and in the Seven-days' battle received a slight wound. Upon the organization of the 150th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, in 1862, Governor Curtin tendered the command to Mr. Wister, which was promptly accepted. This regiment did duty for a time in the neighborhood of Washington, but in 1863 was ordered to the field and took part in the struggle at Gettysburg. Here General Wister, who commanded a brigade, was shot in the cheek, the ball making its exit at his mouth. He was breveted brigadier general for gallant conduct, which was followed, near the close of the war, by the brevet of major general. We are pleased to learn that the nomination of General Wister has been received with great satisfaction by the Republicans of the Juniata Valley and the other localities concerned, and predict his election, and that he will be a creditable and useful representative.—*Philadelphia Press.*

☞ We had the pleasure, yesterday, of meeting Hon. Louis W. Hall, of Harrisburg, Pa., formerly speaker of the Senate of that State, who is at present on a visit to our city, and is staying with his brother, Geo. D. Hall, Esq., of this city. Mr. Hall is one of the leading lawyers of his State, and now holds the position of counselor of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. We were glad to hear him express the belief that Hon. John Scott, at present one of the Senators in Congress from Pennsylvania, would be re-elected by the next Legislature, if the Republicans control it, about which there cannot be much doubt. There are no better men in public life than Senator Scott, and it would be a misfortune to the whole country if he was not returned from that State. Able, honest and industrious, he is a fit representative of the people in the councils of the nation.—*St. Louis Globe, Sept. 20.*

☞ General Beath is a most unfortunate man. He has not only secured the good opinion of all those who favor is valuable, but he has succeeded in gaining the ill will of those whose advocacy is disastrous. He is supported by the Republican party, and is maligned by the Harrisburg *Patriot* and Guss, of the Cassville Soldiers' Orphan school—and he is a young man yet!—*Harrisburg Telegraph, September 23.*

☞ A Democratic paper asks: "By the way, where in the world is President Grant? Is he dead and buried?" The New Orleans rebels, we think, could answer the question very satisfactorily.

☞ Members of the County Committee will please respond to the call of the Chairman, published in this issue. Don't fail.

WHICH IS THE ORGAN?

It is but a short time since Democrats from the country were informed, by no less a light in the Democratic church than their Congressman, Hon. R. M. B. P. Speer, that the *Globe* was the proper paper for them to support. He gave the *Monitor* the cold shoulder, as under Mr. Cornman's control it had been independent enough to speak out honestly against Back Pay.—This was strong endorsement for the *Globe* as the Democratic organ, and encouraged by it Guss did not hesitate to claim the leadership. When a Broad Top Democrat called to discontinue the *Globe*, and gave as his reason that he wanted to take the *Democratic* paper, the "original Republican" at once put on the Democratic uniform, and claimed that the *Globe was the* Democratic paper. To clinch it he pointed out how intimate he was with Hon. R. M. B. P. Speer, who runs the Democratic party, while Cornman, of the *Monitor*, associated only with such spurious Democrats as D. Caldwell, John H. Westbrook, Graffus Miller and J. Simpson Africa, whose Democracy was of that unmixed kind which led them into opposing mixed tickets—Guss has claimed that through Speer's influence and that of other Democrats endorsing his paper, he has got six hundred Democratic subscribers. Of course all these six hundred will vote for Wister for Congress, for the *Globe* supports Wister, and Speer endorses the *Globe* as the best Democratic authority in the county. Of course Speer, too, must support Wister, or he must quarrel with the *Globe* and withdraw his endorsement of it. But it is said Speer has bought the *Monitor*, and the *Monitor* has put up Stenger's name for Congress. But while the *name* is up at the mast-head, it is quite evident that Stenger himself has caused a very uncomfortable sensation down in the hold of the vessel. The sounds of mutiny are heard through the hatches, and it is said that both commander and crew *are* mutinous, and that their guns will be trained on Stenger, while the *Globe* will openly pour hot shot into him.

This leaves the Democrats in a terrible dilemma as to their organ. "Which is it, the *Globe* or the *Monitor*, or have we one at all?" say they. Call on Speer and Guss for an answer.

PUBLIC OPINION.

We clip the following from our exchanges, in this Congressional District, upon our nominee for Congress:

All the elements of opposition to the Democracy in this district, therefore, can and ought to unite as one man in zealous support of the Republican nominee; for he is worthy of their confidence and votes. He is in the prime of life. His personal character is without spot or blemish; he has served honorably and zealously his country on the great battlefields of the nation, and risked his life for the Union. His education and his qualifications are of that useful and practical kind rather than of that superficial and ornamental character which seeks display and courts public observation. What is generally known by the masses as practical common sense, he possesses; and this is perhaps the most prominent trait of his character. As a business man, whether as farmer, manufacturer, or financier, he has been successful. He is practically acquainted with our agricultural affairs and knows what their interests demand; he is experimentally conversant with mining and manufacturing operations and knows what is necessary to develop them and make them prosperous; and with the financial interests of the country he is not unacquainted. He is not a mere amateur and theorist. In the battle of life he has taken off his coat, and put his brain and muscle into whatever business he has been engaged; and has had the skill, vim, tact and energy to win respect, honor, competency and success. His habits are good; and his general information, gathered in nearly every department of industrial pursuits, as well as in military life, is extensive. Yet he makes no pretensions, is modest and retiring, and never wanted an office, except perhaps a military one, and that only when he believed he could assist to defend the honor and perpetuity of the Union. He did not personally seek the nomination. His friends forced him to consent to be a candidate.

His qualifications as a public speaker are of that kind possessed in an eminent degree by General Grant. He knows how and when to do a thing much better than he is either able or willing to talk about it.

Such, in brief, is the character and qualifications of the Republican nominee. Republicans! stand by your colors, and victory is certain.—*Perry County Freeman.*

By education, which is of that solid and practical kind, and by a large experience gained by extensive travel, he is well qualified for the position for which he is nominated. Fully alive to the questions of the day, his knowledge of men, his patriotism and his fidelity to the best interests of his State and the nation will give him a prominent position in the House of Representatives.

His war record is honorable, and although not now more than 40 years of age, in 1861 he was fully alive to the perils that beset the nation, and recruiting as gallant a company as ever faced the enemy he marched to the field to do his part in defense of the Union and the safety of Republican institutions.—*Bloomfield Advocate and Press.*

He understands thoroughly the wants of Pennsylvania in Congress; he is in full sympathy, and identified with our great agricultural and manufacturing interests, and he is possessed of sufficient tact and courage to give force to his opinions on all proper occasions. He will not inflict any long speeches on Congress, but what he does say will be "short, sharp and decisive," and in the vernacular known among business men. It is the opinion of many of our people that the professional element predominates too largely in Congress, and that the interests of the country would be promoted by a greater infusion of able business men and intelligent farmers in our National Legislature, and there would appear to be strong reason for the expression of this opinion. To such we can most cordially recommend the Republican nominee, as being in all respects worthy of their support, and as one who answers the Jeffersonian requirements—is he honest? is he capable?—*Franklin Repository.*

VOTERS, ATTENTION!

All voters must pay their taxes thirty days before election. See to it at once.—You will not be allowed to vote if your taxes are not paid.

☞ We received, last week, the first number of the Sunday *Tribune*, a very large and newsy paper, published in Philadelphia. It has taken upon itself the hereulean task of laying out the Philadelphia ring.

HOW'S THIS FOR LATTA?—As Hon. R. Milton Speer, Democratic ex-member of Congress, from Huntingdon, was on his way home from the Democratic State Convention, recently held at Pittsburg, he met, at Tyrone, several prominent Democrats, of Clearfield, and naturally enough began talking about their candidates. In speaking of their candidate for Lieutenant Governor—John Latta—Mr. Speer remarked that, "if it should come to pass that the Democratic ticket was elected this fall, and the Governor were to die, thus putting Latta in the chair as acting Governor, it would be *an affliction of which God Almighty never dreamed!*" How's that for a "recommend" from a "big Injun" in the Democratic wigwam?—*Raftsman Journal.*

PAY YOUR TAXES!

All voters must pay their taxes thirty days before election. See to it at once.—You will not be allowed to vote if your taxes are not paid.

Congressional Nomination.

On Monday, the 14th inst., the Republican Conferees of the 18th Congressional District met at Mifflin, and after a number of ballotings, placed in nomination Gen. Langhorn Wister, of Perry county. The proceedings of the Conference were fraternal and harmonious. Every county in the District (excepting Huntingdon) presented a candidate. Fulton brought forward her old favorite, Dr. Duffield; Juniata, Mr. Lyons; Snyder, Col. Alleman; Perry, Gen. Wister; and Franklin, our brilliant and estimable fellow-citizen, Hon. John Stewart. The contest lay between the last named and the successful aspirant. The nomination was made unanimous.

The result of the Conference has given satisfaction, and a united and earnest support will be accorded to the nominee, and by no one more earnestly than by our own candidate.

Gen Wister is admirably fitted for Congress. He is a gentleman of high character, clear headed and sound hearted, of excellent business qualifications, largely identified in the peculiar interests of the State, being engaged in the extensive iron establishments in Duncannon. He served with distinction in the war for the Union, having entered the army in April, 1862, as Captain of the celebrated Bucktail Regiment of the Pennsylvania Reserves; afterwards becoming the Colonel of the gallant 150th, at whose head he was wounded in the decisive battle of Gettysburg. In every respect he is a worthy standard bearer, and his record as a soldier, his unspotted moral character, his recognized fitness for the position for which he is chosen, and his great personal popularity, will carry him triumphantly through the canvass. With such a leader we can go enthusiastically into the campaign, and the new Congressional district will be represented in the national legislature by a man of whom it can be indeed be proud.

We had hoped that this honor would have been bestowed upon our own county. Many reasons could be urged in behalf of her claims. None stronger could be presented than was found in the character of the able and honorable gentleman she offered as her choice. In bringing forward the Hon. John Stewart she did herself credit and won the confidence and respect of her sister counties. Mr. Stewart gave his consent to the use of his name reluctantly, and only yielded to the repeated solicitations of his constitutents, who sought a candidate fit for the high position. In accepting the nomination which would have been equivalent to an appointment, he would make great sacrifices, and we believe no one would have rejoiced less than he in his success in the Conference. It is not often in the history of the politics of Pennsylvania that a nomination to Congress was so nearly won by a gentleman who gave such unmistakable evidence that he did not desire it.

On entering into our new political relationship, we are gratified to find that our colleagues have such a commendable regard for the character of the candidates to high offices, as was illustrated by the sort of men they named to the conference. And we join heartily with our allies in the work of keeping up the standard, trusting that our experience will fulfil the auspicious beginning of our political association. In the contest now opened we give them assurance that the "Green Spot," the unfaltering and glorious Old Franklin, will take a proud place in the cluster of counties, and will win the affection of them all for her unflinching fidelity to Republican principles, and for her telling Republican majority.—*Chambersburg Public Opinion.*

Mrs. Mary Hoy and her children, of Reading, have just secured a verdict of $6,540 against the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, for the killing of Augustus Hoy, the husband and father.

The Brazilian chamber of deputies has unanimously rejected the proposition to impeach the ministry for treason and conspiracy against religion and the State.

☞ No family should be without *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* It is inestimable in emergencies.

New To-Day.

RARE BUSINESS CHANCE. An energetic man with from one to three hundred dollars can secure an exclusive and profitable business for this county, that will pay 200 per cent. a month, on investment, and bear investigation. Call or address KEYSTONE PORTABLE BURGLAR ALARM CO., Room 7, No. 531 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. sept.30-4t.

CABINET ORGANS FOR SALE AT COST.—Owing to the general dullness of the times, we have taken our canvassing wagon for the sale of SMITH'S AMERICAN CABINET ORGAN off the road, and having an assorted stock of six or eight different styles, we would offer the same at COST for the coming month. Please call and examine.

To any one wishing an Oragan this offers superior advantages.

J. C. BLAIR,
General Agent for Smith's American Organs.
Sept.30-3t.

NEW FIRM. Having purchased from Oliver Cunningham his entire stock of Boots, Shoes, &c., I will offer to the public at the old stand, No. 330, Allegheny street, Huntingdon, unexcelled bargains in

BOOTS,
SHOES,
SLIPPERS, &C.

Purchasers will find the largest and best stock ever brought to Huntingdon at the lowest prices.

The books of Oliver Cunningham have been assigned to me, and all persons indebted to him will make immediate payment to me.

JOSIAH CUNNINGHAM.
Sept.30-2t.

NOTICE TO REMOVE FISH BASKET.—Whereas, by an act of Assembly, entitled an act for the protection of Salmon, Black Bass and other food fishes newly introduced or to be introduced into the rivers Delaware and Susquehanna and their tributaries for the protection also of closses against unlawful fishing, and to prevent the introduction of predatory fishes, into trout streams, and for other germane purposes, approved twenty-fourth day of May, 1871, the Sheriffs of the counties having jurisdiction, are directed to order of the dismantling of fish baskets, kiddles, &c., and whereas information has reached me that a fish basket exists in the Raystown Branch about two miles from its mouth, county of Huntingdon, I therefore declare the said basket a common nuisance, and hereby notify the owner or owners thereof, that if not removed or dismantled in ten days the same will be removed or dysmantled as directed by the afore mentioned act.

AMON HOUCK,
Sept30-4t. Sheriff.

New To-Day.

FOR SALE. A desirable two-story brick residence—nearly new—containing five rooms, situate, in West Huntingdon, will be sold at private sale, at a bargain. For particulars call upon or write to

ELISHA SHOEMAKER,
Huntingdon, Sept. 30-3t. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE OF HORSES AND MULES.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1874,

at 10 o'clock, a. m.,

23 HEAD WELL-BROKEN MULES, AND 9 HEAD OF WORK HORSES.

The Stock will be exposed for sale on the farm of JOHN N. SWOOPE, Esq., about one mile from Petersburg Station, on the Penn'a. Railroad, in Huntingdon county, Pa. Harness will be sold with Stock, if desired.

TERMS.—A credit of nine months will be given on all sums under one hundred dollars—the purchaser giving therefor a bankable note, with approved endorsers; and for all purchases exceeding one hundred dollars, a similar note will be required, on one year's credit.

DORRIS & CO.
Sept.30.-4t.

NEW STORE & GOOD NEW GOODS

The undersigned has just opened out a Store on the southwest corner of the Diamond, No. 512 Penn Street, Huntingdon, where will be kept constantly on hand,

I have just brought from New York the finest styles of Ladies Scarfs and Sashes, a large assortment of Hair Goods which will be sold for 25 per cent. less than any house in town. Calicoes still at 10 cents. Best quality of Muslins at 12½ cents.

A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS,

Including Calicoes, Muslins, Linens, Delaines, Alpacas, Shawls, &c.

LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF WHITE GOODS,

Comprising Ladies' Underwear, Babies' Clothes, Embroideries, etc.

Four White Handkerchiefs for 25 cts., Lady's best white Hose, 2 pairs for 25 cts., Shirt Bosoms, from 12 to 50 cts., Hats from $2 to $6, Calicoes 10 cts., Muslins, 12½ cts, and other goods equally low.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF MILLINERY GOODS,

Which he will wholesale and retail, including Hats, Bonnets, Artificial Flowes, &c. Ribbons from 5 cents a yard up to $1.00. Hats trimmed to order.

NATHAN GREENBERG.
sept.30-6mos.

SAFETY GAS MACHINE COMP'Y.

THE KEYSTONE APPARATUS GIVES A BRILLIANT AND BEAUTIFUL LIGHT BY THE *SAFEST AND MOST ECONOMICAL*

Method of Illumination ever invented. It is within reach of every householder, and will afford

A PERFECT GASLIGHT FOR EVERY FARM, FOR EVERY FAMILY, FOR CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS, FOR VILLAGES AND TOWNS, FOR MILLS, WORKS, INSTITUTIONS, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

THE K. S. G. M. CO., also MANUFACTURE the *KEYSTONE HYDROCARBON OIL,* THE BEST GAS-PRODUCING MATERIAL YET DISCOVERED.

OFFICES: { No. 717 Sansom street, Philadelphia / No. 110 Liberty street, New York.

PAMPHLETS AND FULL INFORMATION ON APPLICATION.
Sept.30-3mos.

New Advertisements.

FAIR! FAIR! FAIR! FAIR!

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE BRADY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Third Annual Exhibition of the Brady Agricultural Society will be held at

ROXBURY!

on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1st and 2d, 1874, to exhibit Farm Products, Garden Vegetables, Fruit, Poultry, and Farming Implements. The Ladies' Department will consist of Bread, Pies, Cakes, Butter of all kinds, Preserves, Jellies, Canned Fruit, Flowers, Needle-work, &c. There will be a Miscellaneous Department, in which any person wishing to exhibit any Machinery, or Works of Art, can do so; for which PREMIUMS will be awarded, according to merit. ☞ All articles for exhibition, must be entered on the FIRST DAY of the Fair. All persons not belonging to the Society, offering articles for competition, will be required to pay an Entrance Fee. Competition open to all! Entertainment for all can be had on the ground, so that persons coming from a distance need not be put to any inconvenience. EMINENT SPEAKERS will be expected to address the people at the Fair, and a profitable and pleasant time is anticipated. Come one, come all, and you will never rue it. ☞ The place is on Main street, where the young ideas are taught how to shoot. Sept.23-2t.

I. D. MASSEY.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &C.

903 WASHINGTON STREET.
Sept.23,1874.

INDIAN HERB BITTERS

MANUFACTORY,

Opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

These Bitters are Anti-Dyspeptic, a fine Tonic and an excellent appetizer. They are a sure preventitive against many of the diseases arising from a week stomach, &c., &c. Address

DR. FELIX & SWOOPE,
Sept.23-1y. Manufacturers.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 17TH DISTRICT, PENNSYLVANIA,
HUNTINGDON, Sept. 22, 1874.

The following goods have been seized for not being sufficiently stamped:

April 9, 1874, 1 lot Gallagher's Soap, at Huntingdon.
April 9, 1874, 1 lot Perfumery, at Huntingdon.
April 10, 1874, 1 lot Kauffman's Oil, at Lewistown.
April 10, 1874, 1 lot Nerve and Bone Liniment, at Lewistown.
April 10, 1874, 1 lot Gallagher's Soap, at Lewistown.
April 10, 1874, 1 lot Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy, at Lewistown.
June 9, 1874, 1 lot Hair Restorer, Coffee Run.
June 9, 1874, 1 lot Rheumatic Drops, Coffee Run.
August 29, 1864, ½ barrel Whiskey, Newton Hamilton.

Any person or persons claiming any of the above goods, will make such claim within 20 days from the date of this notice, as provided in Section 63, Act July 13, 1866.

FRANK W. STEWART,
Sept.23-3t. Deputy Collector.

STRAY SHEEP. Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Porter township, about the 1st of July last, eleven head of Sheep. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

Sept.16-3t*. H. C. & R. KNODE.

New Advertisements.

Iron City College.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The most complete institution in the United States for the thorough, practical education of the young and middle aged man, having the largest patronage and the best facilities for instruction of any business college in existence.

STUDENTS RECEIVED AT ANY TIME.

For circulars giving full information as to course of study, method of instruction, necessary expenses, &c., address,

J. C. SMITH, A. M. PRINCIPAL.
Sept.23,1874.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. [*Estate of B. F. GARVER, dec'd.*] Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of B. F. Garver, late of Shirley township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN N. LUTZ,
Administrator.
LOVELL & MUSSER, Atty's. Sept.23-6t.

PAINTER'S MANUAL—House and sign painting, graining, varnishing, polishing, kalsomining, papering, lettering, staining, gilding, glazing, silvering, glass staining, analysis of colors, harmony, contrast, &c., 50 cts. Book of Alphabets, 50. Book of Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watchmaker and Jeweler's Manual 50. Taxidermist's Manual, 50. Soap-maker's Manual, 25. Guide to Authorship, 50. Lightning Calculator, 25. Dog Training, 25. Hunter and Trapper's Guide, 20. Seeker's Guide, 25. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau st., N. Y. Sept 23-3mos.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE. [*Estate of J. L. MILLER, dec'd.*] The undersigned appointed Auditor of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county to distribute the fund arising from the Sheriff's sale of the personal and real estate of J. L. Miller, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 230, Penn street, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 30th day of September next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, when and where all parties having claims against said fund are required to present the same or be debarred from coming in for any share of said fund.

L. S. GEISSINGER,
Sept.16,1874. Auditor.

FARM FOR SALE. The undersigned offers his valuable Farm Property at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, the 17th of OCTOBER,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., situated on the Raystown Branch, in Penn township, Huntingdon county, Pa., containing about 90 acres, mostly cleared and under cultivation, having thereon a new Bank Barn, of new and convenient plan, a good weatherboarded and painted House, with excellent water at the door, Wood, Carriage, and Milk houses, Hog Pen and Corn House, Saw Mill and Blacksmith Shop, a young Apple and Peach Orchard of choice fruit, also, a fruit yard of Prunes, Plums, Pears and Grapes. This property will be sold, at public outcry, on terms to suit the times, which will be made known on the day of sale, or by application to the undersigned.

GEO. BRUMBAUGH.
Sept.16-ts. Grafton, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. [*Estate of Mrs. SUSAN STRIKER, dec'd.*] Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, residing in West township, Cottage P. O., Huntingdon county, on the estate of Mrs. Susan Stryker, late of West township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL S. FLEMING,
Administrator.
Sept.9'74. LOVELL & MUSSER, Atty's.

FOR SALE. One New Engine, almost completed. Cylinder 12x20 inches. Price low. Address,

W. H. H. NIVLING & CO.,
Founders and Machinists,
Aug.5,1874-tf. Tyrone, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW ON HAND

GO TO

DR. J. C. FLEMING & CO.'S

DRUG STORE.

Corner of 5th and Washington streets

JUST OPENED!

Where you will find a large assortment of the

PUREST DRUGS

in the market.

FANCY ARTICLES

in endless variety. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes. Sept.2-3mos.

OLIVER CUNNINGHAM,

One door below the Old Broad Top Corner, South side of Allegheny street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

is selling goods, by sample, for A. R. DARLING & CO., Manufacturers and Commission Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

No. 402, Commerce street, Philadelphia. Philadelphia Jobbing Houses have been having their goods from these parties, and all wishing this class of goods will find it to their advantage to call upon Mr. Cunningham. Sept.2-6mos

AGENTS WANTED FOR PROF. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK on Manhood, Womanhood, and their Mutual Intercolations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc. Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies a day. Send for specimen pages and terms to Agents, and see why it sells faster than any other book. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, Philadelphia, P

The Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 30, 1874.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Brief Mention—Home-made and Stolen.

Juniata jigs.

Pay your taxes.

Foggy mornings.

Don't fail to pay your taxes.

Oyster dealers are brushing up.

The new engine house is under roof.

The horse-trainers are hard at work.

Fifth street should be macadamized.

The new slab dam has been completed.

The base ball mania is raging hereaways.

Blanks of all kinds at the JOURNAL Store.

Buy your Stationery at the JOURNAL Store.

Do you take the JOURNAL? If not, why not?

Will. Smith drives a pair of handsome sorrels.

Huntingdon is to have a new $5,000 school building.

The Manor Hill camp meeting was largely attended.

Loafers hunt the sunny side these cool mornings.

Why are not some of our hills turned into vineyards?

The funeral of Thomas Irvin, sr., took place on Sunday last.

The E. B. Top Railroad will be completed in a few days.

For the best five cent cigars in town go to the JOURNAL Store.

J. R. Simpson, esq., and family have been on a visit to Clarion.

If you want a good puff buy your cigars at the JOURNAL Store.

About one hundred conversions occurred at Mooreville Camp.

The Roxbury Fair will be held during next Thursday and Friday.

Tom Miller, we have heard it said, has the nobbiest team in town.

The German band discoursed some excellent music on Friday night.

Buy "Militaire," a Republican chess. For sale at the JOURNAL Store.

A social hop came off in Swoope's new building, on Thursday night.

The basement of the Baptist Church is now occupied for school purposes.

We wanted to attend the Mooresville Camp but it was out of the question.

The Grove beyond the Fair ground, has been dubbed "Drunkards' Retreat."

Barnum's Hippodrome passed up the railroad on Sunday last to Pittsburgh.

Pay the printer. He always needs money, and especially this season of the year.

The board walks on Washington street, in West Huntingdon, need repairing badly.

Tie up your gates or you may waken up any morning and find your garden stripped.

It was extremely stupid to have the Bedford and Huntingdon Fairs at the same time.

When will we get a Market House? Everybody wants it and yet nobody makes a move.

If anybody's cow breaks in upon your garden pen her up and make her owner pay damages.

Asbury Stewart, esq., has bought out Mr. Bartol's interest in the Huntingdon Planing Mill.

The Invalid Corps musters opposite Fisher's Saw Mill, on Sunday. It is a good natured body.

The Congressional Conference of the Blair (17th) district, will meet at Bedford, to-day, (Tuesday).

Frank Hefright, esq., has broke ground for a new residence on the corner of 9th and Washington.

Harry Thomas, mother and sister, of this place, start for Iowa, to day, (Tuesday) on a visit to their friends.

Treasurer Montgomery will not pe troubled picking his tomatoes, a neighbors cow having saved him this labor.

The new residence of Wm. H. Woods, esq., on the corner of 10th and Washington, will be a very prepossessing affair.

On Saturday night last, Altoona had a $20,000 fire in the 6th Ward. The mill of Charles C. Stanberger, was entirely consumed.

The Car Works have received an order for fifty new cars. This will make things lively in that locality. A good thing for mechanics.

Blair county has no Fair this year. Horse racing killed the Association. Clearfield, if we are not mistaken, has been similarly afflicted.

The sale of J. C. Walker's Assignee, at Petersburg, on last Thursday, was adjourned. The prices bid were not considered high enough.

Our Mapleton friend will please excuse us. It is always a pleasure to accommodate him, but we do not wish to take a hand in that matter.

The JOURNAL has double the circulation of any other paper in the county. Advertisers can make a note of this and govern themselves accordingly.

Rev. Zahnizer and his family have returned, and the Reverend gentleman has resumed his ministerial duties, no doubt, much refreshed by his vacation.

If you want to hear fun—rich, rare and racy—go to hear Frank Conly, during the coming fair, on Wednesday and Thursday nights. Remember!

Comical Frank Conly will hold forth, in Wharton & Maguire's Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, the 7th and 8th of October. "Fun ahead!"

The Senatorial Conference met at Mifflintown, on last Wednesday, and after voting a number of times adjourned to meet at Harrisburg on Monday last.

Harry Williams, the good natured Car Inspector, has been going about on crutches. Rheumatism is the cause. Harry don't locomote well on two sticks.

The Huntingdon boys came home from McConnellstown two inches taller than when they went up. It is interesting to hear them fight the battle o'er again.

Our Friend, Capt. T. W. Hamilton, of Franklin township, has been elected Major of the Fifth Regiment National Guards. He is every inch a soldier. How are you, Major?

Wearing tight garters has recently killed three New York ladies. We don't know exactly where the garter is worn, but it is probably a sort of corset, and affects the lungs.

If you want to see a couple of fellows beat Dexter's time, just wait some moonlight night, until you see them in the act of stealing your neighbor's grapes, and then thump against a window.

The B. B. News, edited by Harry Jacobs and George Snyder, and printed at the *Standard* office, in Hollidaysburg, has been received. It fills the bill. Base Ballers should patronize it liberally.

Everybody that could secure livery accommodations struck for Mooresville camp on Sunday morning last. It is pronounced the biggest success of the year. Clippinger should feel happy.

The Agricultural Fair only pays $800 premiums on horses, while about one-half this amount is paid on all other articles. There ought to be a pretty good equine display, if nothing else.

The Highland Agricultural Society, of Johnstown, will please accept our thanks for a family season ticket to their Fair which commences to-day (Tuesday). They appear to appreciate the services of printers over there.

The communication of our "Farmer" friend upon the Fair tells so many fearful truths that we are afraid to publish it lest it entirely annihilates the squad that runs the exhibition and consequently we might not even have a horse race.

Persons who raise truck and bring it to town find a ready market for it and make money. It is always cash. A gentleman of our acquaintance says he clears fifteen hundred dollars a year off a one thousand dollar farm. We want more truck farms.

Right Worthy Grand Representative to the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, Charles N. Hickok, of Bedford, will please accept our thanks for an early copy of the proceedings of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge at Atlanta, Ga.

Prof. Frantz Wehrberger, lately of Altendorf at Remertown, Austria, has been engaged by the Catholic Church, of this place, as their organist, at a salary of ten dollars per month, at present, with a prospect of increase. This is a move in the right direction, as there is no reason why a church should not as well pay its organist as its pastor.

The Bethlehem, Pa., *Progress* says: Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. Ford, twin sisters, living in South Bethlehem, each gave birth to twins on Saturday night. The attending physician says that these cousins are almost of an age—within an hour. The sisters were married on the same day; their first children were born in the same month; their second in the same week, and their third in the same hour.

Several persons in town have cows that will open almost any ordinary yard or garden gate. Several gardens in West Huntingdon, upon which much labor has been expended, have been entirely stripped. Bills will, in all probability, be presented to the owners for damages, and the Council will be asked to pass an ordinance preventing cows from running at large in the borough limits. The people who keep such cows ought to be made pay, but it would be very hard on poor people to have to pen up inoffensive cattle, and consequently we hope that no such ordinance will be passed.

THE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The few thrusts which we made at the management of the Agricultural Fair, two weeks ago, were received with universal approval, by the farming population, but with terrible squirming and grimace by those at whom they were aimed. The effect of a blow can only be estimated by the out-cries of the party or persons struck, and judging by this rule the few brief sentences we then indited must have struck the squad, who farm the Fair, with the force of a thunderbolt. Every conceivable expedient has been resorted to to break the force of the blow, save an assurance, to the farmers and mechanics, in whose behalf we are enlisted, that in the future the little Ring will cease to control and manage it. The naked truth, plainly spoken, in a few sentences, will out-weigh a whole volume of words and froth. What we then uttered was only a thought as compared to a volume of what farmers and mechanics have urged against the stupendous fraud that has been growing from year to year. We meant to say as much a year ago, but we were willing to believe that the management, this year, would be entrusted to representative agriculturists, but learning that the same old Ring was to run it, for their personal advantage, we have had nothing to do with it, and to bring this about we made our figures so high for leading articles of advertising and job work that we felt confident we would be left free to correct the abuses that have crept into the management.

We are, and always have been, in favor of Agricultural Fairs. The thousands of farmers and mechanics that are constant readers of the JOURNAL, and whom we represent, are in favor of Fairs. The ladies who contribute the thousand and one delicate articles that go to make up the attractiveness of these exhibitions, and who have left no occasion pass since our article, without thanking us for the words so timely spoken, are in favor of Fairs, but all insist that the hard earned money which they pay shall not be set aside to pay large premiums for horse races, which are of no earthly benefit to any one save those who speculate in fast horses, while they are put off with ten cent diplomas, and fifty cent premiums. Everybody wants the Fair, but it must be run in the interest of the many and not in the interest of the few. They insist, and we demand for them, in our capacity as a journalist, that the horse racing business must be foregone, or sportsmen must raise, by contributions, their own premiums and that they shall not be paid out of the funds of the Society. That heavier premiums must be paid where nominal premiums or diplomas are given. That practical agriculturists must be placed at the head of the Society. That the committees shall be composed of live and practical men, and not made up of antagonistic elements for the purpose of perpetrating a poor joke. And that these radical changes may be brought about we demand, in the name of those we represent, that all meetings of the Society, for the transaction of business, which have, heretofore, been held on Wednesday night of Court week, shall be held on Monday night, so that farmers will have an opportunity of attending them. If the Court House cannot be had a Hall can. Putting off the meetings until after the farmers have left town has been the fruitful source of all the mischief.

We are determined that the Fair shall survive the efforts of the Ring to run it into the ground. Farmers, do your duty in the premises, and Huntingdon county will, next year at least, have a Fair that will receive the approval of all our people. The little squad must be taught that if they want the patronage of the country they must concede to the country an equal share. We represent the farmers and the mechanics and justice shall be done them.

CUTTING A BEE TREE.—Sometime last summer Mr. Laird, of Porter township, had a swarm of bees that he hived in the usual manner, but they being of a refractory disposition left the hive and set up for themselves in a hollow tree, only a short distance from his residence, where they remained undisturbed until a few days ago, when some fellows, not having the fear of the law before them, went in the still hours of the night and bored the tree with augers until it fell, and then by sawing it in two places they succeeded it splitting it open and getting the contents, when they made off with their booty, leaving no traces of their work save a fallen tree and a few scorched cloths on the spot where the deed was done.

GRAND opening of Fall and Winter Dry Goods at Henry & Co.'s. Everybody and their friends are respectfully invited to call and examine, whether they want to purchase or not.

A NEW LINE of Domestic Goods just arriving at Glazier & Bro's. The inspection of all who wish good bargains is invited. sep30-3t.

JUSTICES' NOTICES to delinquent tax-payers and Executions, and all other blanks, for sale, at the JOURNAL Store, at 50 cents per hundred. tf.

OUR RATES FOR ADVERTISING—THE GLOBE'S FRAUD UPON THE TAXPAYERS.—The last issue of the *Globe* contains an attack upon our rates for advertising. We would take no notice of the matter if it were not for the purpose of calling the attention of the people to a fraud that is being perpetrated upon them, from year to year, by this paper. Under a law passed, some five or six years ago, the Commissioners of this county are directed to publish all advertising belonging to their office in *three papers in the county*. Why three, pray? There are now seven published, why not in all seven? We, however, hold that two papers, one of each of the leading national parties, having the highest *bona fide* circulation, should publish such advertisements. By such a course, on the part of the Commissioners, every Republican and Democrat in the county could read the advertisements in a paper representing his political principles. If he did not, it would be his fault and not be the fault of the officers. We claim that *every dollar that has been paid to the Globe has been and is a fraud upon the taxpayers!* The *Local News*, the *Pilgrim*, the Mt. Union *Times*, or even the little *Herald* has as much right to the county printing as it has. And not satisfied with perpetrating this yearly fraud, it has the audacity to claim as much for its labor, with from one-half to two-thirds the average circulation of the JOURNAL, as we do, and really charges the county *twenty-five cents more a square than it does other advertisers!*

But let us examine this matter of circulation: If a farmer sows one hundred bushels of seed the yield cannot be as great as from one hundred and fifty bushels or from two hundred, nor can the yield of one hundred and fifty or two hundred bushels be sold for the same price as the yield of one hundred bushels can. Every farmer will laugh at the idea of any one supposing that it could, and yet this is exactly what we are asked to do in disseminating public information. We sow seed in the proportion stated, and yet we are not to have more pay for our yield than the person who only sows a hundred to our one hundred and fifty or two hundred! Is this not injustice? No one, we think, can doubt it for a moment.—But if the matter of circulation were not taken into consideration, then the mere publication of one or two, or a dozen copies would be sufficient, but everybody knows that the object is to reach the greatest possible number, and the medium which does this is generally patronized by intelligent business men. This is the reason why we receive the patronage of the community to the exclusion of the *Globe*. We charge the same rates for REGULAR advertisements and give nearly or quite twice as much circulation for the money. No genuine business man will fail to take advantage of this.

We never would have made an allusion to this fact if the *Globe* had had sufficient discretion to leave well enough alone, but its editor is singularly unfortunate in this respect, and we never leave such opportunities pass without taking up the glove that is thrown down. We now give notice that application will be made to the next Legislature for the repeal of the present unrighteous law, and we will also ask for the passage of one that will fix the rates and make a fair distribution of the patronage between the leading political parties. This ought to satisfy the *Globe*.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A farmer named Watt, living in the neighborhood of Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, had occasion to go to the Spruce Creek warehouse for some goods on Saturday morning last. As he neared the railway crossing he observed a train passing, westward bound, and immediately after the rear end of the train was lost to sight he attempted to cross the track, failing to observe the Third Express Freight train, eastward bound, approaching. The engineer of the latter train, which was only about thirty yards from the crossing, immediately whistled down brakes. The shrill scream of the locomotive frightened the farmer's horses; which, instead of crossing the tracks, started directly toward the locomotive hauling the eastward bound train, and afterwards plunged over into the ditch. Fortunately the engineer, who was hauling a light train, succeeded in stopping within a few feet of the team, and the train men at once proceeded to extricate the farmer and his team from their perilous predicament. After everything had been placed aright, farmer Watt began to realize the danger in which he had been placed, and was so much excited that he knew not where he was or where he was going. The next time he attempts to cross the railroad at that point he will doubtless pay more heed to the big black letters which spell the words—"Look out for the Locomotive!"—*Altoona Tribune, Sept.* 28.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.—Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Huntingdon, September 26, 1874:

J. A. Aikens, Miss Jennie Barnsley, Miss Anna Beightal, Miss Mary Brown, William Cree, Patrick Donehue, Miss Susanna C. Garner, Samuel Stinger, Aaron Kelly, J. F. Klein, Luther Kline, Miss Carrie Kessler, Mrs. Mary Ann Lewis, Nandrew Milor, esq., G. Natcher, Blair Russler, L. D. Robinson, Miss Mary E. Randolph, Mrs. Margaret Rafeter, Mrs. Sarah Smith, Thomas J. Wagner, Mrs. Eliza Watson, Miss Hannah Wilson.

Persons calling for letters in this list will please state that they are advertised.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD—*Report of Coal Shipped:* TONS

For week ending September 26, 1874...	3,944
Same time last year	10,608
Increase for week	
Decrease for week	6,664
Total amount shipped to date.....	235,886
Same date last year.....	342,815
Increase for year 1874.....	
Decrease.....	106,929

DO YOU WANT A TOWN LOT?—S. P. Wensel, at his store, No. 1307 Mifflin street, for every 50 cents worth of goods sold gives a ticket, the holder of which has a chance of drawing a Town Lot, in West Huntingdon, Flour, Groceries, Meat, or some one of the 85 prizes on the list for distribution. The drawing to take place as soon as all the tickets are given out. Satisfaction guarenteed. june10-3m

PARTIES visiting the Fair next week should not fail to call at Dr. J. C. Fleming & Co.'s Model Drug Store, corner of 5th and Washington streets, where will be found a large and complete assortment of Pure, Fresh Drugs Patent Medicines and Fancy Articles.

FOR RENT.—Three rooms, on the first floor, one suitable for an oyster saloon, on Washington street, in West Huntingdon. Address "B," in care of JOURNAL. tf.

JUSTICES' NOTICES to delinquent tax-payers and Executions, and all other blanks, for sale, at the JOURNAL Store, at 50 cents a hundred. tf.

STORE ROOM FOR RENT.—The Store Room in No. 1400, Washington street, "Pilgrim Building," is for rent. Apply at once.

GLAZIER & BRO. have just received a fine stock of Ladies' Dress Goods, to which they would invite attention. sep30-3t.

JUSTICES' NOTICES to delinquent tax-payers and Executions, and all other blanks, for sale, at the JOURNAL Store, at 50 cents per hundred. tf.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—A top buggy, nearly new, will be sold at Public Sale, in the Diamond, on Saturday next, at 10 o'clock.

BLACK GOODS, in great variety, at Glazier & Bro's. sep30-3t.

ANOTHER ELEGANT WEDDING.—Not withstanding the exceedingly inclement weather, on last Thursday evening, a large number of invited guests were present at the M. E. church anxiously waiting to witness the wedding of Mr. Joseph H. Stroup, well known from the position he has long held in the extensive establishment of W. R. Knitzner, esq., and Miss Lucy A. Clarke, only surviving daughter of James Clarke, esq., deceased, of Birmingham, and sister of Revs. James C. and Ashbury C. Clarke, pastors respectively of the Methodist Episcopal and Presbyterian churches of Shamokin. The floral designs about the altar were beautiful and appropriate. At precisely the time designated—8:45—the guests were apprized of the entrance of the bridal party by a brilliant march finely rendered by Mrs. Addie Clarke, they approaching in the following order: Messrs. Phillip Goodwill and D. W. Heim, acting in the capacity of ushers to the bridal party; the bridegroom accompanied by Miss Katie Clarke, the only bride-maid; Rev. A. C. Clarke, as bride man, accompanied by the bride.

The ceremony was very impressive in itself and rendered still more so by the emotion manifested in the voice of the bride's brother, Rev. James C. Clarke, who officiated.

The groom and bride-man, and the acting ushers, were dressed in conventional broadcloth, white vest, tie and kids. The bride's dress was a heavy silk, of light pearl, elaborately trimmed with satin of shade darker: the silk overdress was gracefully looped up with bunches of silk illusion and orange blossoms, a magnificent wax wreath of orange blossoms adorned her head, from which fell in graceful folds a rich bridal veil reaching to train of dress. The dress of bride-maid was of Japanese silk, same shade as that of the bride's and correspondent in trimming both as to shade and flowers. The party made a very fine appearance and the entire ceremony was conducted in a most creditable manner. The party immediately repaired to the M. E. parsonage close by, where, after the congratulations were over, the numerous friends present surrounded a table beautiful to look upon and arranged to suit the taste of all, consisting of cakes of huge dimensions, little ones most delicious, cakes pyramidal, pyramids of ice cream, choicest fruits from city markets, &c., of all which the company knew how to manifest their appreciation.

The bridal presents were numerous, elegant and useful, embracing a magnificent gold watch and chain, silver tea set, two silver cake baskets, silver pitcher and goblets—but we can't enumerate.

On Friday evening last a grand reception was given the happy pair at the residence of Mr. Wm. H. Douty, brother-in law of the bridegroom, which was much enjoyed by the large company. Several of the ladies present wore their hair *a la* Martha Washington, abundantly powdered, which perhaps will be the prevailing style by and by.

We can only add our best wishes that Mr. and Mrs. Stroup's journey through life may be "beautiful in its beginning, bountiful in its continuance and blessed in its consummation.—*Shamokin Herald, Sept.* 24.

MATCH GAME.—On Thursday last the Albions, of Huntingdon, played the Alerts, of McConnellstown, with the following result. The game passed off very well and with entire satisfaction:

ALERTS.	O.	R.	ALBIONS.	O.	R.
Moore 3b	3	3	Hunter s s	3	6
Megahan c	2	2	Fisher r f	2	7
Lloyd c f	2	1	Langdon l f	7	2
States s s	3	1	Strickler c f	2	3
Heifner l f	4	3	Port c	3	3
Householder 2d b	4	2	Lindsay p	1	4
Peightal 1st b	2	4	Nolte 3d b	3	5
Ward p	5	2	Steele 1st b	1	4
Simpson r f	2	1	Stewart 2d b	5	3
	27	19		27	37

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
ALBIONS,—	6	1	3	17	1	1	4	2	2	—37
ALERTS,—	7	5	4	0	0	1	0	2	0	—19

Albions out on bases 8, fly catches 15, fouls 2, struck out 2.

Alerts out on bases 13, fly catches 8, fouls 6, struck out 0.

Runs on balls Albions 10; Alerts 8.

Time of game 2h 5m.

Umpire—Al. McPherran.

TENT WORSHIP.—New camp meeting grounds, under the auspices of the Methodist Episcopal Church, were recently planned and laid off in a delightful grove near Manor Hill, Huntingdon county, by the members of the church over which Rev. Mr. Clippinger presides, and a camp meeting is now in progress there for the first time. Everything about the grounds is new and all paid for, whilst the tents are said to be superior to those on the grounds of the Juniata Valley Camp Meeting Association at Newton Hamilton, Pa. During the progress of the services on Sunday last the sum of $500 was raised for camp purposes. In the morning the Rev. George Guyer, Republican candidate for the Legislature in Huntingdon county, occupied the pulpit and delivered a sermon that was highly appreciated by the large congregation assembled. A number of the residents of Altoona are in attendance upon the meeting.—*Altoona Tribune, Sept.* 22.

WHIPPOORWILL VS. HAWK.—A "perfectly reliable gentleman," whose residence is not a thousand miles from Huntingdon, tells the following good one, and vouches for its truth: One evening this summer, while taking a walk over one of the hills near his home, the gentleman aforesaid saw two boys very busily engaged in shooting whippoorwills. Approaching the lads, he kindly informed them that they were violating the game law, which imposes a fine of five dollars for the killing of whippoorwill, or other insectiverous bird; but he was completely nonplussed by the reply—"Oh, you git out, old leatherhead; we've been there before; you can't shut our eye up; 'Squire Blank says them's hawks, an' he gives us fifty cents for every one we kill: we made four dollars yisterday!" "There goes another one, Johnny"—bang!

KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.—On Friday morning last one of those sad accidents, which we are frequently required to chronicle, happened on the railroad, east of Mill Creek, which resulted in the almost instantaneous death of Thomas Irvin, sr., who resides nearly opposite to Bridgeport. Mr. Irvin was walking on the down track and failed to notice the approach of the Pacific east, which struck him, with the result above stated. Mr. Irvin was an excellent citizen, and the father of a large family of boys, who are principally in the service of the railroad company.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—That desirable residence and business stand, Nos. 312 and 314 Penn street, Huntingdon, is now for sale. Possession of the residence can be given at any time. But little cash is necessary to purchase.

Sept.23tf. J. S. CORNMAN.

SUGAR, Syrup, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Wood and Willowware for sale cheap, at Massey's Grocery.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY GOODS.—Miss E. M. Africa has just returned rom the east with a large and fashionable stock of bonnets, hats, notions, assortment of children's aprons, &c., &c. And every thing in her line. tf.

A LOT of prime Mackerel for sale cheap, at Massey's Grocery, 603 Washington street.

IF you want your Stones well-finished be sure to call on WILLIAMS for his marble and work are unsurpassed.

J. HALL MUSSER, P. M., offers the room now occupied as a post office, for rent from October 1, 1874. tf.

Pat O'Brien to Dennis O'Rafferty.

In troth, me noble Dennis, I am sorry for yer case,
An shure it's sore distressin and badly out of place
For I know yerself is ravin, and so is Biddy, too,
Meself is not believin that it ever can be thrue.

An shure it's my impression, and it nearly turns me brain,
Like Pat Magee's secession it must ivey been a dhrame;
An if yer wife is gravin that the Sheriff took her pan,
For shurely he was livin her her good ould Irish man.

Now, listen as a scholar, and live within yer manes,
Yer cluts will grow till dollars and waste will be yer dhrames,
Yerself will be astonished how soon ye'll get a pile,
Yer home will be replinished and fortune on ye schmile.

I read it in the JOURNAL and yer history there is plain,
Ye had a head for learnin but was spilled wid too much brain,
Ye are the greatest writer there is in in all the town,
But ould Squire McCritic says yer runin it agound.

An Pat is growin nervous wid writin Irish rhime
But I'll be at his service whinever I hev time,
And if the painter pleases to put it into press,
Is it anybod's business either more or less?

Oh, Dennis, darlin, honey, I'll tell ye some good news:
I'm out for makin money, but not for makin shoes,
I'm busy as a nailer wid needle, thread an shears,
I've turned into a tailor and workin on the shares.

Now, if this news will plase ye just come an learn the trade
An shure 'twill be more aysy than diggin wid the spade;
An now good night, dear Dennis, I wish ye plisent dhrames,
I hopes no naughty Sheriff will throuble more yer brains.

Yours, forever,
PAT O'BRIEN.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—That desirable residence and business stand, Nos. 312 and 314 Penn street, Huntingdon, is now for sale. Possession of the residence can be given at any time. But little cash is necessary to purchase.

Sept.23tf. J. S. CORNMAN.

Notices to Trespassers can be had at the JOURNAL Store at 50 cents per dozen. They are the cheapest and best thing of the kind out. tf.

FRESH Apple-butter for sale at Graf. Miller's Grocery, Fifth street.

FRESH Apple-butter for sale at Graf. Miller's Grocery, Fifth street.

LITERATURE.

Ancient Sex Worship. By Dr. Sha Rocco. 70 pp., 26 illustrations, 12 mo. paper, 20 cents; extra cloth, $1.00.

This little book presents much that might be termed curious information. The author traces the relics of ancient passional worship into the religious forms of to-day, and shows the origin of the cross to have been long prior to our "Christian Era."

The Nursery, published monthly by John L. Shorey, Boston, is such a delightful periodical that we are glad to hear that Messrs. Nichols & Hall, who have the exclusive sale of it when bound, have sold already 10,000 copies of the volume for 1874 in advance of its completion. It has no equal for "little folks."

Old and New for October is already on our table. It always contains fresh material, and discusses the issues of the month frequently with vigor. "The Lost Palace" in this number is quite entertaining. "Our Sketching Club" is a series of letters in which the subject of sketching is discussed by Rev. E. S. John Trowbill. In this number illustrations are introduced to illustrate the subject. The September number contains a paper of great historical interest on "The Emperor Tiberius," besides much that is entertaining. Roberts Bros., Boston.

Harper's for October opens with the "Emigrant's Story," by J. T. Trowbridge. It is a poem of characteristic force and pathos. T. B. Aldrich contributes an exceedingly interesting paper on Portsmouth, entitled "An Old Town by the Sea." It is profusely and beautifully illustrated. In this number we have the commencement of Senor Castelar's series of papers on "The Republican Movement in Europe." This is perhaps the finest number of this standard periodical ever published. Harper Bros., N. Y.

The September number of the *Pennsylvania School Journal*, the educational organ of Pennsylvania, contains all the papers and addresses of the late State Teachers' Association, at Shippensburg, besides a complete record of the proceedings. It should be in the hands of every teacher. Published at Lancaster, Pa. Price $1.50.

The Penn Monthly for July is prefaced by a fine portrait of J. Edgar Thompson, the late President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and has an extended biographical notice. Each number of this young magazine contains much that will be found both entertaining and valuable.

The enterprising young publishing house of Asa K. Butts & Co., N. Y., announce the only complete edition of Prof. Tyndall's great inaugural address before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, at Belfast, August 19, 1874. This book will contain a fine portrait of the great Scientist, together with a biographical sketch; also a descriptive Essay by Prof. Helmholtz, of Berlin, with Prof. Tyndall's famous article on Prayer, &c. It will be published on heavy tinted paper, and in extra cloth. Price $1.50; also in cheaper form at 50 and 25 cents. This same house also publishes several extremely interesting and readable books, among which we might name Dr. Marvin's unslaught upon Spiritualism (50c) and "Epidemic Delusions, (60c) Rocco's Ancient Sex Worship, (50c) which has already reached its third thousand, Dr. Inman's Ancient Faiths, ($2) Reade's Martyrdom of Man, ($3) Dr Nothingham's Safest Creed, ($1.50) Bradlaugh's "Five Words about the Devil," "New Life of David," and other sketches, &c., 5 and 10 cents each.

The same house will publish this month a volume of Chas. Bradlaugh's racy biographies and essays on religious topics; also a reprint of a new English novel by Mrs. F. Macdonald—Priest and Man. Henry C. Felder's new book, Issues of the Age, or Consequences involved in Modern Thought will also be brought out this month. Prof. Tyndall's address will be ready the 15th, &c. Among the fall announcements we notice Belfast Addresses, by Profs. Huxly and Rodiour, Six John Lubbock and others. The Logic of Life and other Essays: A Specimen of the Bible, Esther, and other Satires, by Austin Holyoke, the lately deceased associate of Bradlaugh. A Lecture on Art by R. A. Cooper, Esq. A new and enlarged edition of Ancient Pagan and Modern Christian Symbolism. Exposed and Explained by Dr. T. Cuman.

For an explanation of the Processes of Digestion, articles on Nervous Force, &c.; Hay Fever; How to Raise Water, &c.; Conservative Power of Alcohol; Abuse of Air; Quack Medicines: Preserving Fruit, &c., see *Science of Health* for September. New York.

Henry L. Shepard & Co., Boston, have issued editions of Jules Verne's "Adventures in the Land of the Bohemoth" and "A Journey to the Centre of the Earth," on tinted paper, illustrated, at $1.00 each, as handsome as the rival $2 editions.

"Around the Tea Table," a new book by the popular author, Rev. T. De Witt Talmage is to be issued by subscription by Comperthwait & Co., of Philadelphia. If this work is as popular as "Crumbs Swept Up," by the same author, it will have an immense sale.

Lamberton's Historical Chart, or History Taught by the Eye is an imperial quarto, though published in three forms adapted to the special use of pupils and class-rooms, by Claxton, Remsen & Haffelfinger, of Philadelphia.

One of the most popular series of books in course of publication is the "Brica-Brac series," by Scribner, Armstrong & Co., of New York.

The Quaker City Publishing Company of Philadelphia, has recently issued a valuable work entitled "Landmarks of Truth, or Harmony of the Bible with Reason and Science," which claims to furnish a complete armory of defence against all the criticisms, objections and arguments of those who are either in doubt relative to the truth of religion, or desire to undermine the fundamental principles of Christianity. The task in this direction is well accomplished, answering briefly the arguments advanced by atheists, infidels and skeptics of all shades, but when the author attempts to make everything harmonize fully with the Bible, and attacks and endeavors to destroy the scientific theories of Huxley, Darwin, Tyndall, Igell, &c., because he cannot fully harmonize them, he attempts a work of such magnitude that his feeble strokes must fall powerlessly or rebound upon his own theories. The work deserves a large sale on account of the great amount of valuable and correct information it contains.

Messrs. H. Peterson & Co., of Philadelphia, having relinquished their connection with the *Saturday Evening Post*, announce their intention to publish a new Monthly Magazine, to be called *Peterson's Journal of Popular Literature*. It will commence with the December number, which will be issued early in October. It will be a First-Class Literary Magazine, and a fine corps of Contributors have been engaged. Every Story in each number will be complete—no serials will be published. Terms, $2.00 a year. Specimen numbers 25 cents. Address H. Peterson & Co., 920 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by Henry & Co

WHOLESALE PRICES.

HUNTINGDON, PA. September 29, 1874.

Superfine Flour	$5 50
Extra Flour	6 00
Family Flour	6 25
Red Wheat	1 25
White Wheat	1 50
Bark per cord	8 00
Barley	60
Butter	25
Brooms ₰ doz	2 50
Beeswax ₰ pound	30
Beans ₰ bushel	2 00
Beef	5
Cloverseed ₰ 64 pounds	5 00
Corn ₰ bushel on ear	70
Corn shelled	80
Chickens ₰ lb	8
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	2 10
Candles ₰ lb	12½
Cranberries ₰ quart	10
Dried Apples ₰ lb	6
Dried Cherries ₰ lb	7
Dried Beef	15
Eggs	20
Feathers	75
Flaxseed ₰ bushel	1 00
Hops ₰ pound	25
Hams smoked	14
Shoulder	10
Side	12½
Hay ₰ ton new	18 00
Lard ₰ lb new	15
Large onions ₰ bushel	1 25
Oats	60
Potatoes ₰ bushel new	85
Plaster ₰ ton ground	13 50
Rye, new	90
Rye Chop ₰ cwt	2 10
Rye Straw ₰ bundle	12
Wool washed	40@45
Wool unwashed	25@30

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 28.—Beef Cattle.—There was a better feeling in this department of the market to-day, and a more urgent inquiry was reported from all descriptions. The receipts from all sources were light, in the aggregate not exceeding 2,000 head and with same disposition on the part of the butchers to anticipate their future wants, holders succeeded in realizing a shade better prices all around. The number of really choice droves on sale was smaller than usual, and the competition between buyers for their possession was such that at an early hour in the day all were disposed of. We quote fair to good natives at 6@7¼c; and common Texas at 3½@5½ per lb.

Philadelphia Produce Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 28.—Butter firm; Western prime 32@33c; fair to good 28@30c. Cheese active at 12½@13½c. Eggs firm at 23@24c. Flour active; extra $4,00@4,25. Wheat dull; red $1.18@a.22, amber $1.23@1.28. Rye held at $1.04@105. Corn in limited demand at $1.02. Oats active at 62@63c. Petroleum—refined held at 11½@12c; crude 8@8½c in barrels; 4½@4¾c in bulk. Whiskey quiet at $1.07.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE JOURNAL. Only $2.00 a year.

Marriages.

THOMPSON—ANDERSON.—On the 22d inst., by the Rev. D. A. Messinger, Mr. John Thompson to Miss Lizzie Anderson, all of Huntingdon.

SHOENBERGER—CUZZEN.—On the 30th ult., by the Rev. J. C. Barr, at the Presbyterian parsonage in Alexandria, Mr. Alburtus Shoenberger, of York, Pa., to Miss Anna W. Cuzzen, of Petersburg, Pa.

COUCH—MILLER.—On the 22d inst., by the Rev. J. D. Thomas, Mr. Andrew L. Couch to Miss Anna C. Miller, both of Barree township, this county.

Special Notices.

CENTAUR LINIMENT.

There is no pain, which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it its true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swelling, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon the animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rhumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sparvined or sweenied horses and mules or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them 'White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.

Oct.15,1873-1y.

New Advertisements.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Summer Arrangement.

On and after Wednesday, June 10, 1874, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD. MAIL.	EXP.	STATIONS.	NORTHWARD EXP.	MAIL.
P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
5 55	8 45	Huntingdon	6

The Huntingdon Journal.

Farm and Household.

Putting up Tomatoes.

We copy the following recipes for putting up tomatoes from the correspondence of the *Country Gentleman*. The information is timely:

Tomato Catsup.—For one gallon of cooked and sifted tomatoes, take a pint of vinegar; two tablespoonfuls of water; two of black pepper; two of mustard; one of cloves; one of allspice; eight ripe garden peppers, or sufficient cayenne to produce their amount of pungency; put all with the tomatoes and boil an hour; then cool and strain through a sieve. Bottle it up when cold; tie down the corks and seal them with hot wax made of rosin and a little lard. Catsup made and put up in this manner will keep any length of time.

Canning Tomatoes.—In preparation for canning, tomatoes must be peeled, sliced and heated, boiling hot; if the cans are used solder them as quickly as possible after they are filled; when they have stood from five to ten minutes puncture the can with an awl; let the opening remain a few moments for the escape of air, then solder it up smoothly and turn the cans upside down to test them.

Spiced Tomatoes.—To a pint of vinegar put four pounds of sugar, one ounce of cinnamon, one-half ounce of cloves, three-fourths of an ounce of allspice; heat and then add seven pounds of ripe tomatoes, pared and sliced. Boil five minutes; skim out the tomatoes and let the liquid boil twenty minutes or more; put back the tomatoes and let it boil up again. Bottle up or seal in small jars. It is excellent with cold meats.

Green Tomato Pickles.—In preparation for pickling, wash and slice a peck of green tomatoes and six large onions; put them in a stone jar in layers, with salt between, using a teacup full of salt; put a weight on them and let them remain twelve hours; drain off all the brine; cook them in clear water; when tender, skim them out and drain them again. To pickle them, put into five quarts of vinegar an ounce and a half of black pepper; one ounce of whole cloves; one ounce allspice; one ounce cinnamon; one ounce white mustard (English); one ounce of turmeric powder, and a box of mustard; heat the mixture; put in the tomatoes and boil twenty minutes; when cooling stir in half a cup full of grated horse radish. To be sealed up in wide-mouthed bottles.

Rushing Crops to Market.

There are certain perishable products that must find immediate market or there is loss to the producer; but the great staple crop may safely be held when there is good reason for holding and no pressing reason for selling. It is suggested, we notice, that half of the early crops of grain—say winter wheat—be stored. The wisdom of this advice, of course, depends upon prospective demand—upon the old stock on hand at home and abroad, when the new crop goes on the market and upon the amount of the new crop as compared with that of previous years. The means for determining the policy to be pursued are more complete than ever before. The crop reports to the Department of Agriculture, by commercial reports to the papers, and the facilities afforded by a more complete organization of farmers than has been before known in this country, facilitate the obtaining of this information.—But the most vicious suggestion we have seen is that "it might be a good plan for the wheat grower to borrow the money required for immediate use and ware-house as much as possible of his crop." This is making the producer a speculator on his own products with a vengeance. Of course it might happen that the farmer who did this would make money betting on the price of his grain two to six months hence, and paying 10 to 20 per cent. for money to bet with; but again, he might not make and might lose the money he had put up. We regard all advice that encourages any one to run in debt, especially when there is no absolute need of it, vicious. This advice when given to farmers for speculative purposes, involving as a basis of action a thorough knowledge of commercial wants and values, it is doubly bad. If a farmer is able to hold his grain for better prices without running in debt, it is a different matter; even then he must take a risk; but he does not go in debt to take it, and that is the main thing we denounce—running in debt.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Improved Gum Arabic Mucilage.

A serious objection to the use of gum arabic, as an adhesive, is found in its showing through unsized paper, and thus producing a semi-transparent blot. This is also attended with the still greater inconvenience that the two layers do not stick together, satisfactorily. On this account gum arabic mucilage cannot be used for attaching paper to pasteboard, nor wood to wood, nor one metalic substance to another, since the gum peels off. All this inconvenience may be remedied, it is said, by adding to the gum a solution of sulphate of alumina; 2 parts of crystalized sulphate of alumina answering for 125 parts of concentrated solution of gum arabic in the proportion of two parts of gum to five parts of water. The salt is dissolved in ten times its weight in water, and the solution mixed direct with that of the gum solution, which in this condition well deserves its name of vegetable glue. A solution of alum replaces the sulphate of alumina, but to a much less satisfactory degree.

SARATOGA POTATOES.—Slice raw potatoes and throw into cold water. Have ready lard, boiling hot; season the potatoes (after draining) with salt and pepper; fry a light brown.

BOILING hot water should not be poured on china, or other dishes, as it cracks the enamel, and in time will surely break them.

A GLUE which will resist the action of water is made by boiling one pound of glue in two quarts of skimmed milk.

Miscellaneous.

APPROVED SCHOOL BOOKS.

The attention of Boards of Education, Superintendents and Teachers is invited to the following

APPROVED SCHOOL BOOKS,

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New American Third Reader,	AND	50
New American Fourth Reader,		60
New American Fifth Reader,	MAY	90
New American Primary Speller		20
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The New American Etymology	90
Oxford Junior Speaker	75
Oxford Senior Speaker	1 50

Copies can be obtained upon the most liberal terms for introduction, by application to the publishers, or

D. W. PROCTOR, Agent,
Huntingdon, Pa.

☞ Correspondence with Teachers and Directors cordially invited. May27-3m.

THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEWS.

EDINBURGH REVIEW, (*Whig.*)
LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW, (*Conservative.*)
WESTMINSTER REVIEW, (*Liberal.*)
BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW (*Evangelical*)
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE,
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New subscriptions (applying early) for the year 1874 may have, without charge, the last volume for 1873 of such periodicals as they may subscribe for.

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May27-tf. General Agents.

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And everything pertaining to Clothing Business. They sell everything CHEAP FOR CASH. Give them a call, and ascertain for yourself. May20-6mos.

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NEW STORE, next door to the Post Office, Huntingdon, who has now in store the largest and most desirable stock of seasonable goods, for

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April30.1873-1y.

Miscellaneous.

BEATTY & PLOTTS'

CELEBRATED

GOLDEN-TONGUE PARLOR ORGAN

IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY EMINENT MUSICIANS AND DISTINGUISHED MEN OF HONOR TO BE THE LEADING INSTRUMENT NOW IN USE
—THEY SAY—

BEATTY & PLOTTS'

PARLOR ORGANS were awarded FIRST PREMIUM and DIPLOMA over Needham & Son's and J. Estey & Co's Organs at the Carbon County Fair, held at Lehighton, Pa., September, 1872.—*Lehighton Weekly News, Oct. 5, 1872.*

Committee.—Prof. Charles F. Horn, Prof. Wm. Moran, and H. D. Herdy, D. D., Hon. Z. Long, President.

St. Clair, Pa., Dec. 6, 1873.

MESSRS. BEATTY & PLOTTS—*Gents:* I have received the Organ sent by your firm to me, and had it examined. It gives ample satisfaction.

JOHN SINEY.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Oct. 16, 1873.

THE BEATTY & PLOTTS celebrated Golden Tongue Parlor Organ is by far the best Parlor Organ in use. I have carefully examined it, and find its tone, workmanship and durability to be the best I ever saw, and I can with pleasure recommend it to any in want of a first-class parlor organ.

PROF. O. H. UNGER.

New Bethlehem, Pa., Nov. 21, 1873.

MESSRS. BEATTY & PLOTTS—*Gents:* Having had one of your Golden Tongue Parlor Organs, for six months past, I thought before recommending it, to give it a fair, square trial, and am happy to testify that it surpassed all that has been said or advertised about it. I have had Professors of music, and celebrated organists come and try it, and one and all say that it is one of the sweetest and best toned instruments in the market. It has taken the shine out of all others around here. I am perfectly satisfied with it. You may publish this if you see fit, as my organ can be tried by any one wishing to do so, in proof of what I say.

A. S. R. RICHARDS,
Late of the Tamaqua Courier, now at New Bethlehem, Pa.

BEATTY & PLOTTS Golden Tongue Parlor Organs are instruments that are winning for themselves a good reputation far and wide. The career of the firm is full of interest and shows what close application to one branch of business will do. Their energy, zeal and unyielding determination have enabled them to win.—*Washington (N. J.) Star, March 27, 1874.*

THE BEATTY & PLOTTS parlor organs are highly praised by good judges, for their sweetness of tone.—*Pittston (Pa.) Comet Oct. 4, 1873.*

Lawry's Station, Pa., Jan. 27, 1874.

I have had BEATTY & PLOTTS' Organ since August 14th, 1872; it gives the highest satisfaction, and has proved all that it was recommended by the proprietors.

JOB HENRY.

The BEATTY & PLOTTS' celebrated Golden Tongue Parlor Organs are pronounced unsurpassed by any now before the musical world, by all who have had the pleasure to examine them. Testimony from all parts of the country speaks in favor of them, going to show their superiority over all others.—*Ashland, Pa., Bulletin, Dec. 5, 1873.*

Lawry's Station, Pa., Jan. 27, 1874.

Beatty & Plotts' Parlor Organ, of N. J., seem to give full satisfaction to all purposes all over; and I must say by the experience I have of one of these organs—which I have had in my possession for nearly two years, and is in excellent condition—I would advise all who wish to get a good and substantial parlor organ to see the above named party, before buying anywhere else.

DAVID SCHEIRER,
Music Teache

Slatington, Pa., Feb. 6, 1874.

BEATTY & PLOTTS' Parlor Organ I like better than the Standard, and gives better satisfaction, as I find by experience in my profession.

PROF. FRANK MAYER.

Tamaqua, Pa., Dec. 16, 1873.

Those desiring a beautiful ornament for their homes, as well as an instrument of unsurpassed musical excellence will find it in the Beatty & Plotts Golden Tongue Parlor Organ. It gives entire satisfaction, and, in fact, is the leading instrument of the day.

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MESSRS. BEATTY & PLOTTS, of Washington, New Jersey, are happy. They live in an atmosphere of music. Music soft and sweet, music strong and warlike, the shrill notes of the warrior, or the lute-like tones of love are thrilling and ever sounding in their establishment, and their famous Golden Tongue Organs are a household necessity all over.—*Tamaqua (Pa.) Courier, March 28, 1874.*

PARLOR ORGAN.—We call attention to the advertisement of Beatty & Plotts, manufacturers of Parlor Organs, in another part of this paper. These organs are fast superseding all others on account of their good qualities. A number of these instruments have been sold in this county, which give general satisfaction. These instruments are highly recommended by the best musicians in the country.—*Sunbury American.*

St. Clair, Pa., April 7, 1874.

To DANIEL F. BEATTY:—I have received my organ all right. It pleases me very much. I never played an organ that gives me better satisfaction, the case looks splendid. I have a friend waiting for one. Please send me another No. 60 at once for him. He advocates your organs above all others. Enclosed please find check.

Very respectfully,

JOHN MILLS.

Address BEATTY & PLOTTS,
Washington, New Jersey.
April29,1874-2yrs.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscriptions to the capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundredth birth-day by the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will receive a handsome steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

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Travellers' Guide.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

JUNE 15, 1874.

Trains leave Harrisburg, as follows:

For New York, at 5.25, 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 and *7.40 p. m.
For Philadelphia, at 5.25, 8.10, 9.45 a. m. 2.00 and 3.50 p. m
For Reading, at 5.25, 8.10, 9.45 a. m. 2.00, 3.50 and 7.40 p. m.
For Pottsville, at 5.25, 8.10 a. m. and 3.50 p. m. and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 2.40 p. m.
For Allentown, at 5.25, 8.10 a. m. 2.00 3.50 and 7.40 p. m.
The 5.25 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 and *7.40 p. m. trains have through cars for New York.
The 5.25, 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 p. m. trains have through cars for Philadelphia.

SUNDAYS:

For New York, at 5.25 a. m.
For Allentown and Way Stations at 5.25 a. m.
For Reading, Philadelphia and Way Stations at 1.45 p. m.

Trains for Harrisburg, leave as follows:

Leave New York, at 9.00 a. m. 12.40, 5.30 and *7.45 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia, at 9.15 a. m. 3.40 and 7.15 p. m.
Leave Reading, at 4.30, 7.35, 11.20 a. m. 1.50 6.10 and 10.20 p. m.
Leave Pottsville, at 5.85, 9.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 8.05 a. m.
Leave Allentown, at 2.30, 5.50, 8.50 a. m. 12.25, 4.30, and 8.55 p. m.
The 2.30 a. m. train from Allentown and the 4.30 a. m. train from Reading do not run on Mondays.

SUNDAYS:

Leave New York at 5.30 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia at 7.15 p. m.
Leave Reading at 4.30, 7.35 a. m. and 10.20 p. m.
Leave Allentown at 2.30 a. m. and 8.55 p. m.
*Via Morris and Essex Railroad.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
Jan.14,1874-tf. *General Superintendent.*

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after SUNDAY, June 28th, 1874, trains will leave Harrisburg as follows:

NORTHWARD.

ERIE MAIL	4.25, a. m., to Erie, Elmira, Canandaigua to the Falls.
NIAGARA EXPRESS	10.40 a. m., to Buffalo and the Falls via. Emporium and via. Canandaigua.
ELMIRA EXPRESS	1.20 p. m., to Williamsport and Elmira.
FAST LINE	5.00 p. m., to Williamsport and Lock Haven.

SOUTHWARD.

FAST LINE	3.10 a. m., Daily.
BALTO. ACCOM.	6.55 a. m., daily except Sunday.
MAIL	3.25 p. m., daily.
NIAGARA EXPRESS	11.05 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains north leave daily except Sunday.

For further information, tickets and baggage checks, apply at the ticket office in the Pennsylvania Depot, Harrisburg.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Pass Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.

Summer Arrangement.

WESTWARD						EASTWARD		
MAIL	CINCINNATI EXPRESS	PACIFIC EXPRESS	MIXED TRAIN	STATIONS.	HARRISBURG ACCOM.	MAIL	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS
P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
5 02	2 58	11 25	10 41	M. Hamilton	10 04	4 52	11 49
5 09	3 08	11 42	10 55	Mt. Union	9 57	4 45	11 42
5 17	3 99	11 48	11 10	Mapleton	9 49	4 36	11 34
5 26	3 15	11 57	11 26	Mill Creek	9 42	4 28	11 25
5 40	3 25	12 10	11 50	Huntingdon	9 29	4 15	11 12
6 00	3 40	12 31	12 20	Petersburg	9 16	4 00	11 16
6 10	3 48	12 41	12 32	Barree	9 07	3 51	11 09
6 17	3 54	12 50	12 48	Spruce Creek	9 00	3 45	11 04
6 31	4 05	1 05	1 00	Birmingham	8 48	3 32	10 51
6 39	4 12	1 13	1 08	Tyrone	8 40	3 23	10 45
6 51	4 20	1 26	1 22	Tipton	8 30	3 13	10 42
6 57	4 25	1 32	1 30	Fostoria	8 25	3 07	10 37
7 02	4 28	1 38	1 36	Bell's Mills	8 21	3 03	10 32
7 40	4 56	2 29	2 00	Altoona	8 05	2 45	10 25
P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M

The Fast Line Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 8 15 P.M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 50 P.M.

The Pittsburg Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 2.55 a m, and arrives in Altoona at 4.20 a m.

The Pacific Express Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 37 A.M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 20 A.M.

The Southern Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 5 39 A.M., and arrives at Altoona at 6 24 A.M.

The Pacific Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 8.43, a m, and arrives at Harrisburg 11.50 a m.

The Fast Line, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 1 44 A.M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 5 00 A.M.

The Cincinnati Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 05 P.M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 10 55 P.M.

The Philadelphia Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 11.38 p m, and arrives at Harrisburg at 3.15 a m.

STAGE LINE

From Spruce Creek to Centre Hall, every day, (except Sunday), leaving Spruce Creek at 9 o'clock, A. M., and returning at 3 o'clock, P. M.

jauy,-7o13] H. McMANIGILL.

Miscellaneous.

ELEGANT RECEIPT BOOKS

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JOURNAL BLANK BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

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TAGS,
LABELS,
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PATENT ARION.

REVERSED WOODEN AGRAFFE.

THE COMPOUND REST PLANK.

THE FULL IRON FRAME.

AND THE SUSTAINING IRON BAR.

A FEW REASONS

WHY THE

ARION PIANO

IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS:

The ARION PIANO-FORTE has greater power than any other Piano-Forte manufactured.

It will Stand in Tune Longer,

and in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and, therefore, more durable, than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame

SUPERCEDES ALL OTHERS.

The use of a bar (which is a part of the Iron Frame on a line with the heavy steel stringing,) gives

GREAT STRENGTH

where most needed, and in this respect all other pianoes fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to come loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano-Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

throughout the scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

LENGTH AND PURITY OF VIBRATION,

all go to prove what we claim, viz: that the

ARION PIANO-FORTE

Is the Best Instrument Manufactured.

ALSO

ESTEYS COTTAGE ORGANS,

WITH THE

VOX JUBILANT

AND

VOX HUMANA.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA OF

REED ORGANS,

universally acknowledged to be the BEST Organ made for Sunday Schools, Churches, Parlors and Lodges.

Having more power, with a sweeter tone, than any other Organ in the market notwithstanding the representations of agents interested in the sale of other Organs, *we do fully warrant every Organ for the period of five years,* (*at our own expense.*)

Send your orders to
E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 N. 7th Street,
Philadelphia, Pa., or
JAMES A. BROWN, Agent for Huntingdon Co., No. 525½ Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.
no15

Boots, Shoes and Leather.

REMOVED TO THE NORTH EAST Corner of the Diamond.

CAN'T BE BEATEN!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of

LEATHERS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

All of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the new stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Jan. 4, '71.

DOWN WITH PRICES.

WILLIAM AFRICA

has just opened up a large and varied assortment of

BOOTS,
SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
GLOVE KID SHOES,

and a large supply of heavy work, suitable for men and boys, at very low prices.

I have at all times an assortment of

HANDSOME BOOTS AND SHOES

on hand, which will be disposed of at as reasonable rates as the market will admit of. My stock was selected with great care, and I can confidently recommend all articles in my establishment.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of customer work, and orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in all orders.

WILLIAM AFRICA.

Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

For Men, Women and Children,

which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.

Give him a call, at the

CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

(*West end of the Diamond*)

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Customer work made to order, in a neat and durable manner.

GEO. SHAFFER.

Jan. 4, '71.

JOHN C. MILLER.

(Successor to C. H. Miller & Son,)

DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF

LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS AND BELTING.

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jan.1,1873-1y.

Miscellaneous.

1874. 1874.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!

SPRING STOCK.

AT LOWEST PRICES!

JAMES A. BROWN

Is constantly receiving at his new

CARPET STORE,

IN

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

525½ Hill Street.

Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the ooms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises

BRUSSELS, INGRAINS,
VENITIAN, WOOL DUTCH,
COTTAGE, HEMP,
LIST and RAG CARPETS
CARPET CHAIN,
COCOA AND CANTON MATTINGS,
FLOOR, STAIR AND TABLE

OIL CLOTHS,

and a large stock of

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades and Fixtures, Drugget, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding. I make a specialty of furnishing Churches and Lodges at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.

Buyers will *save money* and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store, for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.

I have also the Agency for the Orignal HOWE SEWING MACHINE, IMPROVED, so well known as the best Family Machine in the world

Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Feb.14,1872.

PITTSBURG SAFE CO.,

167 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURG, PENNA

Manufacture

FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, VAULTS, &C.,

which are unequaled by any other.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD, RELIABLE SAFE,

purchase ours and you will get what you want.

Prices and specifications furnished on application

August20,1873-1y.

SPOKES, RIMS, PLOW & HANDLES

JOHN G. DAVIS & SON.

UNION SPOKE WORKS,

S. W. Cor. Leopard and Otter St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

☞ Send for Price List. ☜

July16,1873-1y.

Dry-Goods and Groceries.

REMOVAL!—NEW GOODS!

BENJ. JACOB having removed his store to FISHERS' stand, No. 501 Penn street, will dispose of his large stock of

DRY GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

CARPETS,

CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

and everything in his line.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAP.

Come and see us, without delay.

BENJ. JACOB.

Huntingdon, Pa., Jan. 18, 1874.

GRAND DEPOT FOR NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A

SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY

CALL AND SEE

D. P. GWIN.

Jan. 4, 71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF SPRING and SUMMER GOODS at the Cheap Store of

NICHOLAS C. DECKER,

One door east of the Washington Hotel.

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots Shoes, Hats and Caps, of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CLOTHING,

OIL CLOTHS,

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. apr2-1y.

GLAZIER & BRO

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
&c. &c.,

SMITH Street, between Washington and Mill

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE.

WASHINGTON Street, near Smith.

Jan. 18, '71.

GEO. W. BECK. W. A. FLEMING.

BEE HIVE GROCERY & CANDY MANUFACTORY.

BECK & FLEMING,

(Successors to N. B. COMBS.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fruits, Nuts, Tobacco, Cigars, Toys in endless variety, Spices, Soaps, Salt, and Groceries of all kinds. Brooms, Brushes, Wooden and Willow Ware, Best German Accordeons, Harmonicals, &c., all sizes and prices, a large stock kept constantly on hand, price low. The trade supplied in large or small quantities at low jobbing rates.

CANDY MANUFACTORY.

Having procured the services of a first-class manufacturer, we are prepared to furnish retail dealers with all kinds of Common and Fancy Candies, fresh and unadulterated, at city prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Address BECK & FLEMING,
No. 111, Fourth St., Huntingdon, Pa.
Oct.1,1873-1y.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE *CANDIES, TOYS, FRUITS, NUTS, &c.,* is at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. Also, can be had, a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PEN KNIVES, POCKET BOOKS, TRAVELING SATCHELS, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, &C. Dows' Celebrated Ice Cream Soda Water, in season, at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond
March 15, tf.

Planing Mills.

IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS.

BURCHINELLS'

NEW PLANING MILL.

T. Burchinell & Son having just completed the erection of a first-class Planing Mill at Huntingdon, Pa., are prepared to fill all orders for Building Materials of all kinds, such as yellow and white pine flooring, Weather boarding, Door and Window Frames, Blinds, Sash, Shutters, Doors, Brackets and Scroll Work at shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Wood Mouldings of every description and turned work in all its varieties. Their mill being situated on the main line of the Penna. Railroad and Canal, they enjoy superior facilities for the shipment of material to all sections of the State.

The senior proprietor of the firm being a practical builder and architect is prepared to furnish plans, specifications and detailed drawings for buildings in whole or in part as may be desired.

All orders promptly and faithfully filled.

Address T. BURCHINELL & SON.
Huntingdon, Pa.
Jan. 4, '71.

E. BARTOL. | J. MARCH. | DAVID MYERS. | GEORGE FAHNESTOCK

BARTOL & CO.

[*Lately Franklin Manufacturing Company.*]

Manufactures Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Shutters, Blinds, Moulding, Scroll Work, Counters, Shelving, Wood Turnings, Hubbs, Spokes, Bent Work, Forks,